

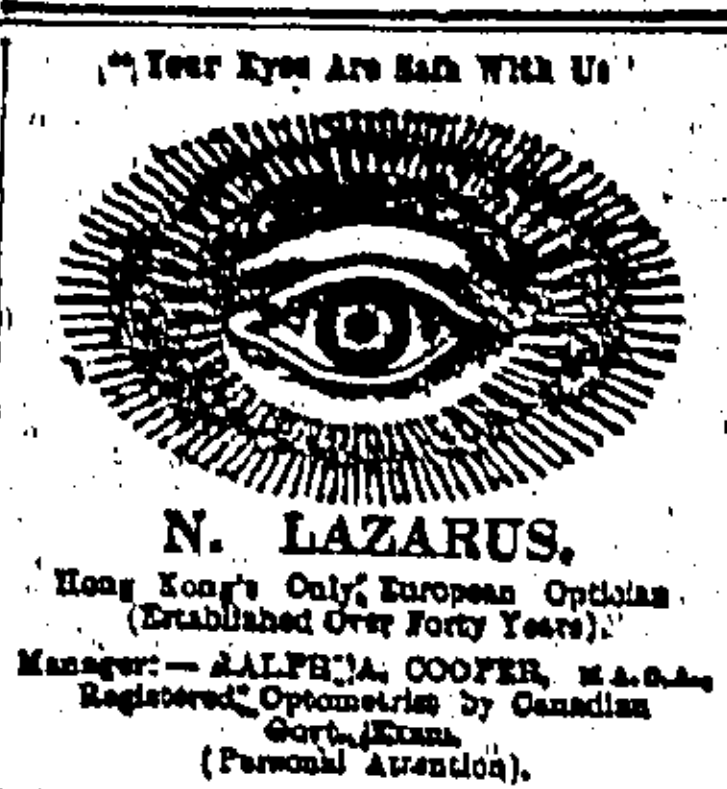
MASON'S
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SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

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87 Swans
Managing Director.



No. 22,155 號伍拾伍百壹千貳萬式第 日陸拾月陸年巳己 HONG KONG, MONDAY, JULY 22, 1929.

登拜禮 日貳廿月柒年九廿百九仟壹英

PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after April 9th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 13 P.M.	No. 14 P.M.	No. 15 P.M.	No. 16 P.M.	No. 17 P.M.	No. 18 P.M.	No. 19 P.M.	No. 20 P.M.	No. 21 P.M.	No. 22 P.M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	7.05	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	9.10	9.35	10.00	10.25	10.50	11.15	11.40	12.05	12.30	12.55	1.20	1.45	2.10	2.35	3.00	3.25
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	6.48	7.13	7.38	8.03	8.28	8.53	9.18	9.43	10.08	10.33	10.58	11.23	11.48	12.13	12.38	13.03	13.28	13.53	14.18	14.43	15.08	15.33
Shatin Dep.	7.01	7.26	7.51	8.16	8.41	9.06	9.31	9.56	10.21	10.46	11.11	11.36	12.01	12.26	12.51	13.16	13.41	14.06	14.31	14.56	15.21	15.46
Tai Po Dep.	7.13	7.38	8.03	8.28	8.53	9.18	9.43	10.08	10.33	10.58	11.23	11.48	12.13	12.38	13.03	13.28	13.53	14.18	14.43	15.08	15.33	15.58
Market Dep.	7.20	7.45	8.10	8.35	8.60	8.85	9.10	9.35	9.60	9.85	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	8.70	8.95	9.20	9.45	9.70	9.95	10.20	10.45	10.70	10.95	11.20	11.45	11.70	11.95	12.20	12.45	12.70	12.95
Sheung Shui Dep.	7.35	8.10	8.35	9.10	9.35	10.10	10.35	11.10	11.35	12.10	12.35	13.10	13.35	14.10	14.35	15.10	15.35	16.10	16.35	17.10	17.35	18.10
Sham Chun Arr.	7.41	8.16	8.41	9.16	9.41	10.16	10.41	11.16	11.41	12.16	12.41	13.16	13.41	14.16	14.41	15.16	15.41	16.16	16.41	17.16	17.41	18.16
Canton Arr.	7.45	8.20	8.45	9.20	9.45	10.20	10.45	11.20	11.45	12.20	12.45	13.20	13.45	14.20	14.45	15.20	15.45	16.20	16.45	17.20	17.45	18.20

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 13 P.M.	No. 14 P.M.	No. 15 P.M.	No. 16 P.M.	No. 17 P.M.	No. 18 P.M.	No. 19 P.M.	No. 20 P.M.	No. 21 P.M.	No. 22 P.M.
Canton Dep.	8.10	8.35	8.60	8.85	9.10	9.35	9.60	9.85	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85	13.10	13.35
Shumohun Dep.	7.17	7.42	8.07	8.32	8.57	9.22	9.47	10.02	10.27	10.52	11.17	11.42	12.07	12.32	12.57	13.22	13.47	14.02	14.27	14.52	15.17	15.42
Sheungshui Dep.	7.25	7.50	8.15	8.40	8.65	8.90	9.15	9.40	9.65	9.90	10.15	10.40	10.65	10.90	11.15	11.40	11.65	11.90	12.15	12.40	12.65	12.90
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	8.70	8.95	9.20	9.45	9.70	9.95	10.20	10.45	10.70	10.95	11.20	11.45	11.70	11.95	12.20	12.45	12.70	12.95
Tai Po Market Dep.	7.40	8.05	8.30	8.55	9.20	9.45	9.70	9.95	10.20	10.45	10.70	10.95	11.20	11.45	11.70	11.95	12.20	12.45	12.70	12.95	13.20	13.45
Tai Po Dep.	7.44	8.19	8.44	8.69	8.94	9.19	9.44	9.69	9.94	10.19	10.44	10.69	10.94	11.19	11.44	11.69	11.94	12.19	12.44	12.69	12.94	13.19
Shatin Dep.	7.57	8.22	8.47	8.72	8.97	9.22	9.47	9.72	9.97	10.22	10.47	10.72	10.97	11.22	11.47	11.72	11.97	12.22	12.47	12.72	12.97	13.22
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.11	8.36	8.61	8.86	9.11	9.36	9.61	9.86	10.11	10.36	10.61	10.86	11.11	11.36	11.61	11.86	12.11	12.36	12.61	12.86	13.11	13.36
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	8.42	8.67	8.92	9.17	9.42	9.67	9.92	10.17	10.42	10.67	10.92	11.17	11.42	11.67	11.92	12.17	12.42	12.67	12.92	13.17	13.42

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SENATOR MARCONI SEES A VISION.

BIGGER FUTURE FOR WIRELESS.

"MOVIES" TO BE TRANSMITTED INTO HOMES.

HOW THE INVENTOR MADE HIS DISCOVERY.

[UNITED PRESS.]

A ray of sunshine chance to strike a small mirror held in the hands of a youth of genius some forty years ago in "sunny Italy." As a result of this seemingly common occurrence, ten years later and for the first time, a ship at sea in distress was enabled to summon help with an S.O.S.

The story was told to the United Press correspondent by a quiet, modest and unassuming Italian gentleman whose name is now synonymous with wireless. It was during an exclusive interview in which after predicting almost fantastic development in the science of wireless telegraphy, including the future wireless transmission of light, power and heat, moving pictures and television, he, Senator Guglielmo Marconi, described how he came to discover wireless telegraphy.

Tells of His Discovery.

"It was really quite simple," he commenced as though, instead of describing one of the greatest inventions in the history of the world, he were relating the story of why a chicken crosses the road. "Like almost every boy," he continued simply, "I used to catch rays of sunshine on a mirror and he paused and smiled significantly, then added, 'well, you know as well as I do all the fun that one can have with a mirror and a little sunshine, don't you?'"

"But to me there was something more in it than sheer amusement. To me this reflection of light waves in the form of the sun's rays, meant an ideal way of transmitting signals to my friends. I put the idea into practice. Soon I was able to 'converse' with my friends at a distance by means of flashing sun rays."

A Cloudy Day.

"But one day clouds hid the sun from view and as a result my signalling activities were temporarily interrupted. Indeed I realized then for the first time that this method of communication was imperfect. And from that time on I set my mind upon the problem of discovering a way to make up for the defects of the system."

"Inasmuch as clouds or darkness prohibited the transmission of light waves emitted by the sun, I decided to use Hertzian waves which are available at all times, night or day, whether the sun shines or not."

"That, as you probably know," he added simply, "is what resulted in the invention of wireless telegraphy."

The Senator spoke in perfect English. His tone is gentle. His manner quiet. Reclining comfortably in his armchair in a vast office at Marconi House in the Strand, he might have almost been mistaken for a college professor lecturing to a class of history.

Enthusiastic Over Future.

Only when the correspondent asked him what future he visualized for his invention, did the Senator slightly relinquish his calm manner and wax enthusiastic.

"Wireless has a very great future indeed," he commenced, and then began to enumerate its possibilities:

"I should say that the next step in the development of wireless will be the transmission of moving pictures into peoples' homes. I believe that we shall be ready to accomplish this within the next year or two. Then too, wireless television will come. This, however, is still far off."

Asked whether he thought he would ever succeed in making wireless transmissions absolutely secret, the Senator declared that already, owing to the great speed (about 100 words per minute) at which messages were transmitted unauthorized receivers get only a "formidable jumble of sounds" which is quite unintelligible.

Amateurs, he explained further, would be prevented from installing the proper apparatus enabling them to disentangle the "jumble" (1) On account of the prohibitive cost of the apparatus required; (2) Because governments only were empowered to license such stations, and would not do so; (3) Because this apparatus would be very difficult to work unless the user secured information from the sender enabling him to "tune" his set to the right pitch.

Problem of Secrecy.

"In fact," he added, "I would go as far as saying that to-day it is easier to tap landlines than it would be to tap the wireless."

He was not so interested, for the present at least, in the problem of secrecy, he said, as he was in the improving of transmission.

"Now we have succeeded in transmitting the waves across oceans, we must get them to work unimpeded, regardless of atmospheric conditions. When I leave for my next experimental trip in June, I shall conduct investigations along these lines from my yacht."

When asked what in his opinion was the greatest benefit that had accrued to humanity through the use of his discovery, he said it was the fact that by means of wireless and broadcasting the peoples of the world had been and were still being brought closer together.

Man's Superiority.

"Man's great superiority over animals," he said, "is that he can communicate with his fellows by speech. And anything which tends to increase this facility for instant inter-communication tends, in my opinion, to uplift human nature."

He added that if only on account of thousands of spontaneous demonstrations of gratitude which many people, including humble seamen and their families, had sent him after their lives or the lives of some loved ones had been saved at sea by wireless, he was "optimistic as to human nature." He has, he said, filed all these "touching tributes" away.

He said that perhaps among the tributes he has received, the one which he values most, is the gold tablet which was presented to him in New York by the survivors of the Titanic.

"Feeling Good."

"Such acts of gratitude," he said, "have always touched me profoundly, and have made me feel good."

Asked to say just exactly how he felt when, for the first time, he learned that life had been saved at sea through his discovery, the Senator replied:

"I hope this answer will not disappoint you, but frankly, I was so very convinced that lives would be saved as soon as I had succeeded in perfecting my invention, that although naturally when I learned my dream had come true it was, nevertheless, only a 'confirmatory emotion.'"

"In other words, it was the ordinary emotion of one who has saved the life of a fellow human being. It simply meant that I had been enabled to do my duty as a human being and that things had turned out just as they should."

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AGENTS,
2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(July 22.)

Water Polo League, Meeting,
V.R.C., 3.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Strong Boy."

World Theatre: "Riders of the
Dark."

Star Theatre: "Out all Night."

Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
p.m.

Tides:—High: 8.04 a.m. and 11.39
p.m.; Low: 2.40 a.m. and 4.43 p.m.

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Siberia (Hakusan
Maru) 10.30 a.m.

Tuesday.

(July 23.)

Property Auction (22 and 24
Lyndhurst Terrace) Lamert Bros.,
3 p.m.

Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15
p.m.

Billiards League:—C. and P.O.'s
Club v. Police Reserves, Somerset
v. Buffalo Club, Royal Engineers
v. K.O.S.B., Garrison Mess v. St.
Patrick's, Royal Artillery v. Police

Queen's Theatre: "True Heaven."

World Theatre: "The Belle of
Broadway."

Star Theatre: "The Auction
Block."

Tides:—High: 9.36 p.m.; Low:
2.18 a.m. and 5.18 p.m.

Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
p.m.

European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Victoria, B.C. (Pres.
McKinley), 8.30 a.m.; Europe via
Marseilles (Indomeneus), 2.30 p.m.;
Europe via San Francisco (Siberia
Maru), 6 p.m.

Wednesday.

(July 24.)

Hong Kong Amusements, Ltd.,
annual general meeting, Queen's
Theatre, noon.

Queen's Theatre: "True Heaven."

World Theatre: "The Belle of
Broadway."

Star Theatre: "The Auction
Block."

Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.

Tides:—High: 12.06 a.m. and
10.10 a.m.; Low: 3.54 a.m. and 5.50
p.m.

Thursday.

(July 25.)

St. James.
Reception on board a.s. Tjibadak,
3 to 5 p.m.

Y.M.C.A. Social evening, fare-
well to Mr. P. Sands, 9 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Casanova,"
Prince of Adventurers.

World Theatre: "Square Crooks."

Star Theatre: "The Boxer
Bride."

Tea Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
4.30 p.m.

Tides:—High: 12.32 a.m. and
10.47 p.m.; Low: 4.29

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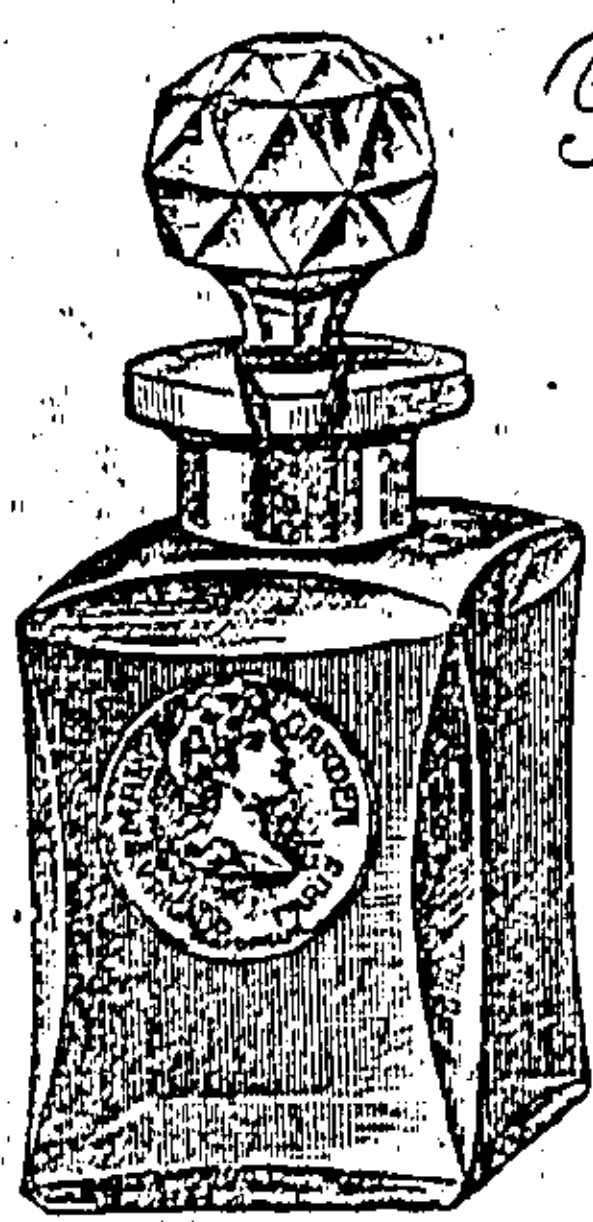
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THE OFFICIAL LIST FOR
SATURDAY.

A General Post Office notification, issued on Saturday, gives the following particulars with regard to unclaimed correspondence, etc., waiting at the Post Office, and also unclaimed radio telegrams at the Radio Telegraph Office:—

Postal Correspondence.
J. Aslock, Bakhtawar Singh, Margate, Carter, China Radio Co., China, Indenting Co., H. A. G. Clark, T. J. Dwyer, R. Darnell, R. W. Fitzwilliam, Louis Gorris, Rev. C. Gueris, G. Houston, R. Hichens, Capt. D. S. Harvey, L. W. Heinicke, B. Itallier, R. M. Jameson, Capt. Day Kearney (s.s. Gogovale), A. L. King, Larri Khan, J. Lazarus, Rev. W. Manna, Mlle. A. May, J. J. Mantier (Dir. Gen. of Rail Road), A. H. Nark, M. Namias, W. E. Priestley, R. C. Puleit, R. S. Pigott, C. Ritter, Aimee de Rom, E. Raza, Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Ross, S. W. Smith, J. Turville, Miss E. Tasker, Charles True, H. B. Williams, W. M. Wyeth, Whiskens.

Unpaid Correspondence.

J. S. Flaks, A. Hitchcock, Manro, de la Rosa.

Registered Articles.

Matias Ayon, J. T. Brainerd, W. W. Brotherton, S. S. Blinds, Boris Bogoroditsky, Mons. Durand, Isaac Kidokke, M. Marche-Marchade, Mlle. A. May, R. S. Moore, W. E. McKenney, Messrs. L. Pingamall, J. M. Rowan (s.s. Baron-Minto), L. Roban, Peter Tester, General Wu Chung Dok.

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Address.	From.
Chungwo	Batavia
6019	Tainan
1707	Taihou
1707	Taihou
3018, 3583, 3189, 0886, 2636	Haiphong
3832	Suncheon
1707	Tainan
0284	Canton
Arsenio, 23, Jordan Road,	Marao
Kowloon	
1795, 6534, 6870, 1660,	
1628	Suncheon
Cahalue Lancerawford, Kwei-yang,	
7559, 7105, 2070, 7106, 2502	
2569	Canton
5019	Taihou
0371, 3932, 0005, 5714, 2302,	
0225, 0007, 5584, 0003,	
3583	Haitow
Whitice, 373, Point Road	Saigon
Bahni, 4th floor, 144,	
Haiphong Street,	
Yaumati	Soerabaja
Taisan, ground floor, 8,	
Chemato Monkok	Sandakan
3057, 6524, 5664, 3141,	
6008	Swabne
2885	Haiphong
Touhang	Macao
Linsie	Batavia
Hiphongjan	San Francisco
Young, 41 Hume St., Ipak	
Perak	Anking
Kwokwanhing Nagon	Saigon
Lylatchio, 26 Ruephouhou	Luckay

JUDGE AND DIVORCE
BARGAIN.

"CANNOT IMAGINE WORSE
CASE."

Before Mr. Justice Bateson in the Divorce Court recently Mr. William Edward Goldman, manager of a Urus agency of Anerley Grove, Upper Norwood, petitioned for the dissolution of his marriage with Mabel Elizabeth Goldman in the name of her alleged adultery with Mr. Thomas W. Bolt, her cousin, cited as co-respondent, at two addresses in Brixton.

Mrs. Goldman answered with a denial and cross-charged her husband with "conduct conducive to adultery, collusion, and connivance." He denied these allegations, but admitted an allegation of adultery in 1911, and asked for the discretion of the Court in respect of this one lapse. The co-respondent took no part in the case.

After evidence by Mrs. Coleman the Judge said that the petition failed. He could not imagine a worse case of connivance, collusion, and conduct conducive to the adultery of the respondent and co-respondent.

"Dangerous Method."

The parties, he said, were married in June, 1909. Differences arose in December, 1921, and under a deed of separation the husband allowed his wife £1 a week. In 1925 the husband was minded to get a divorce, and a bargain was made that the wife should go away with Mr. Bolt (the co-respondent) to Herne Bay and commit adultery with him and send a letter giving her husband information to enable him to put a case and secure a divorce. There was evidence that after that date in 1925 the wife had lived with Bolt.

EXPERIMENTS TO MAKE
RAIN.

THE GREAT WAR AND THE
WEATHER.

Referring to the drought in Hong Kong and to Air Force pilots, dropped powdered kaolin on the clouds, in the hope of persuading them to shed rain, the Meteorological Correspondent of the *Observer* confirms the view expressed in the *Daily Press* when the experiments were proposed. The writer in the London paper says the failure of the attempt to bring rain should not be surprising, in view of the scanty measure of success that has attended similar experiments in the past. From the earliest times man has sought in vain to master the elements; rain-making was among the feats essayed by primitive magicians, whose usual practice was to mutter incantations from incense-burners; at a later stage explosives were often employed with the object of "shattering the clouds," and, finally, the resources of modern chemistry and aviation have been called into play.

It is only within quite recent years that the basic physical facts of rainfall formation have become well understood. Meteorologists are now agreed that thermo-dynamical cooling, brought about by the vertical movements of air masses, can alone produce the necessary condensation of water vapour. Nature operates to this end through the medium of a vast and extremely complex heat engine, in which the circulating fluid is the atmosphere, with its moisture drawn from the ocean, and the furnace is the sun. Her processes are conducted on so gigantic a scale that man's mightiest efforts seem by comparison puny in the extreme. To bring down the trifling amount of one-hundredth of an inch of rain over an area of one hundred square miles, a body of air containing 650,000 tons of water vapour has to be raised from the earth's surface.

Spraying of Liquid Air.

The methods adopted by would-be rain-makers appear, in most instances, to ignore the fundamental cause of the precipitation of moisture from the atmosphere. Since the Great War, which, for all its unparalleled expenditure of explosives, is not known to have altered the course of Nature's phenomena one whit, efforts to turn clouds of water by sheer concussion have been almost abandoned. M. Angot, head of the French Meteorological Service, showed that in the most favourable circumstances possible it would need the detonation of 21,700 tons of melinite to produce a single millimetre of rain over a square mile.

Instead, modern experiments are chiefly directed to the supplementing of nuclei available for the condensation of water vapour from air by the admixture of highly-ionised gases, electrified sand, or certain chemicals. Spraying of liquid air at the cloud level has also been tried, with a view to lowering the temperature there well under saturation point. There are meteorologists who believe that when clouds are nearly, but not quite, ready to condense their moisture into rain the process may be urged forward by the application of suitable chemical or electrical stimulus, and this is presumably the view held by the authorities at Hong Kong Observatory. The apparent success that has occasionally attended similar experiments elsewhere does not fall outside the range of coincidence, however, and in England efforts to cause showers by such means during the great drought of 1921 failed completely.

No Effect from Krakatoa.

No upheaval yet produced by human agency can be ranked in the same category as Nature's convulsions. When we consider that even the greatest volcanic eruptions, such as those of Asama, in 1783, and of Krakatoa, just a century later, had apparently no more recognisable effect on rainfall than had the Great War, though they were audible several thousand miles away, and for months filled the whole world's atmosphere with dust particles well suited to act as nuclei for condensation, we are led to doubt whether man has ever, of his own volition, called forth one drop of water from the skies.

with Bolt at two different addresses for something like three years, when they parted upon advice in view of these proceedings. The agreement apparently was that the husband should pay her a weekly allowance of £1 and that he would pay her a lump sum down when the case was settled in his favour.

The husband, having made the bargain, was told by a brother that it was a very dangerous method of procedure, and thereupon he eluded going on with the case based upon the bargain to go to Herne Bay and commit adultery.

It did not seem to him (the Judge) that that helped him. There was no evidence and no ground for saying that the wife had done anything wrong between 1921 and 1925. It seemed, added the Judge, that the case rested entirely upon material included in the answer—collusion, connivance, and conduct conducive. He dismissed the petition with costs.

MUNICIPAL HOUSES IN
HOLLAND.

CONTROL OF UNDESIRABLE
TENANTS.

For some years past several Dutch municipalities have been applying to their working class dwellings methods of management by women. These methods were adopted over 40 years ago in England by the late Miss Octavia Hill, with the help of John Ruskin, but Holland is making more use of women as house-property managers than Great Britain.

British municipalities often decline to accept in their council houses thrifless or slatternly applicants, but the municipalities of The Hague, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Arnhem, Leeuwarden, and other towns have provided special dwellings for the "undesirable" class of tenants. The Hague, the centre of government and a favourite place of residence, has been increasing in population in recent years more rapidly than any other town in Holland.

The older quarters have become seriously overcrowded. In the districts occupied by fishermen and the poorer sections of the community it was found that some of the families were not trained to habits of cleanliness, and were unfit to occupy the artistic municipal houses which have been built by the hundred since 1915. Accordingly the council decided to build special homes for what they officially call "undesirable tenants."

"Controlled Buildings."

These "controlled buildings" were built in May, 1923, on the outskirts of the town, to accommodate about 120 families, but all are not occupied to-day. There are three classes of home. The first is in the interior of the colony, surrounded by walls, and the inhabitants can only reach their homes by passing through a lodge under the eyes of the porter. The families, who accept the offer of accommodation at an uneconomic rate of weekly payment, are placed first in these central habitations. They are strongly built houses, in which the number of bedrooms varies according to the number of children. The tenants pay about 7s. a week inclusive.

A woman manager sits in an office situated at a central position in the middle of radiating rows of houses, and keeps the tenants constantly under her eyes. Should she hear sounds of quarrelling at night, the woman supervisor has electric light switches close at hand, and can illuminate the house from which the noise proceeds, and if the trouble is violent can call for help. These precautions are necessary, as some of the tenants are "mental cases," and others have been in prison. Inspectors visit the homes every day, and help the women to look after their children, their kitchens, and the cleanliness of their rooms. All those in the colony must have a

(Continued on next Column.)

LESSON SERMON.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST,
SCIENTIST HONG KONG.

"Life" was the subject of the Lesson-Sermon in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, July 21.

The Golden Text was: "The Lord is my strength and song, and is become my salvation. I shall not die, but live, and declare the works of the Lord (Ps. 118: 14, 17).

Among the citations which comprised the Lesson-Sermon was the following from the Bible: "Get wisdom, get understanding: forget it not; neither decline from the words of my mouth. Forsake her, not, and she shall preserve thee: love her, and she shall keep thee: Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore get wisdom: and with all thy getting get understanding. Hear, O my son, and receive my sayings; and the years of thy life shall be many. Take fast hold of instruction; let her not go: keep her; for she is thy life" (Proverbs 4: 5-7, 10-13).

The Lesson-Sermon also included the following passage from the Christian Science text-book, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "The relinquishment of faith in death and also of the fear of its sting would raise the standard of health and morals far beyond its present elevation, and would enable us to hold the banner of Christianity aloft with unflinching faith in God, in Life eternal" (p. 428).

bath at least once a month in the communal bath-houses, but can indulge more frequently free of charge if they want.

If the families do not like this discipline, they can walk out and return to their old haunts, but if they are found to be homeless, they are sent to an institution like a workhouse. If they remain and respond to treatment, they are transferred in a few months to better houses, each of which has its own patch of garden. Should the reform continue they are then given a home on the outer edge of the colony, not under constant supervision. After a year or so the best families are allocated to a council house. The treatment is said to be successful in the case of at least 40 per cent. of the families.

A somewhat different system has been adopted at Amsterdam, where there are 132 homes at Asterdorp, and 66 at Zeeburgersdorp. There is no attempt to grade the tenants, and the place is not planned so as to be continuously under the eye of a woman manager. But the same principles are applied, including no compulsion upon any family to enter or to remain, obligatory monthly baths, constant supervision of the home and of the children, and insistence upon the payment every week of the small contribution required.

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HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Jeff: "Here's a line of chatter I scribbled down, and I think this sort of stuff ought to make a hit with you, Mutt."

Mutt: "Make a hit with me, nothing! In the first place, this is too bloomin' long. If I remember right, Julius Caesar, after conquering the Gauls read a message of but three words to the Romans, Vini, Vici, Vidi. Yet the words turned the trick."

Jeff: "How foolish of Julius! He could have said seven more words, for two-bits in a Western Union message."

District Visitor: "What are the morals of this village like?"

Resident: "Excellent! So good, in fact, that several of our sewing parties have failed for want of scandal."

At a small country church a newly-married couple were receiving some advice.

"It is the husband's duty to protect his wife whenever an occasion arises; and a wife must love and honour and obey her husband, and follow him wherever he goes."

"But," pleaded the young bride, "I haven't finished yet" remarked the clergyman. "She must—"

"But, please—in desperation—can't you alter that last part? My husband is a postman."

"Yes, suh, dat ol' clock kep' good enough time 'til Mose done bought dat radio."

"What happened?"

"Well, now, every time dey announces de time he always has to set the clock forward a couple of hours."

"To think that we're reduced to this," said the fur coat during the summer sale.

Teacher: "Napoleon once said there was no such word as 'can't.' Voice from the back of the class: 'Please, miss, I wonder what he would have said if he had tried to strike a match on a piece of soap!'"

Husband (testily, after going down badly at bridge): "You might have guessed I had no heart."

Wife: "Quite; but I thought you had a brain, darling!"

Little Willie: "Look at that rhinoceros!"

Little Alfred: "That ain't a rhinoceros; that's a hippopotamus. Can't you see it ain't got a radiator cap?"

Counsel: "You admit you entered the house by the back door at two o'clock in the morning. What business had you there at that time?"

Prisoner: "I thought it was my own house."

"Then why did you, when this lady approached, leap through the window, jump into the cistern, and hide yourself?"

"I thought she was my wife."

Eric was a walking fund of questions.

Daddy, why—"he began for the tenth time that morning.

"I say, young man," said daddy, "have you ever heard the story of the little boy who asked so many questions that he turned into a question mark?"

Eric had not heard of this little boy, and pondered deeply on the matter.

"But, daddy," he asked at length, "how did he manage to keep the dot under himself?"

"I've just shot a dog."

"Was he mad?"

"Well, he wasn't very pleased."

Mike and Pat were arguing about their ability to carry loads. Pat claimed he could carry 200 pounds.

"But I did it yesterday," persisted Pat.

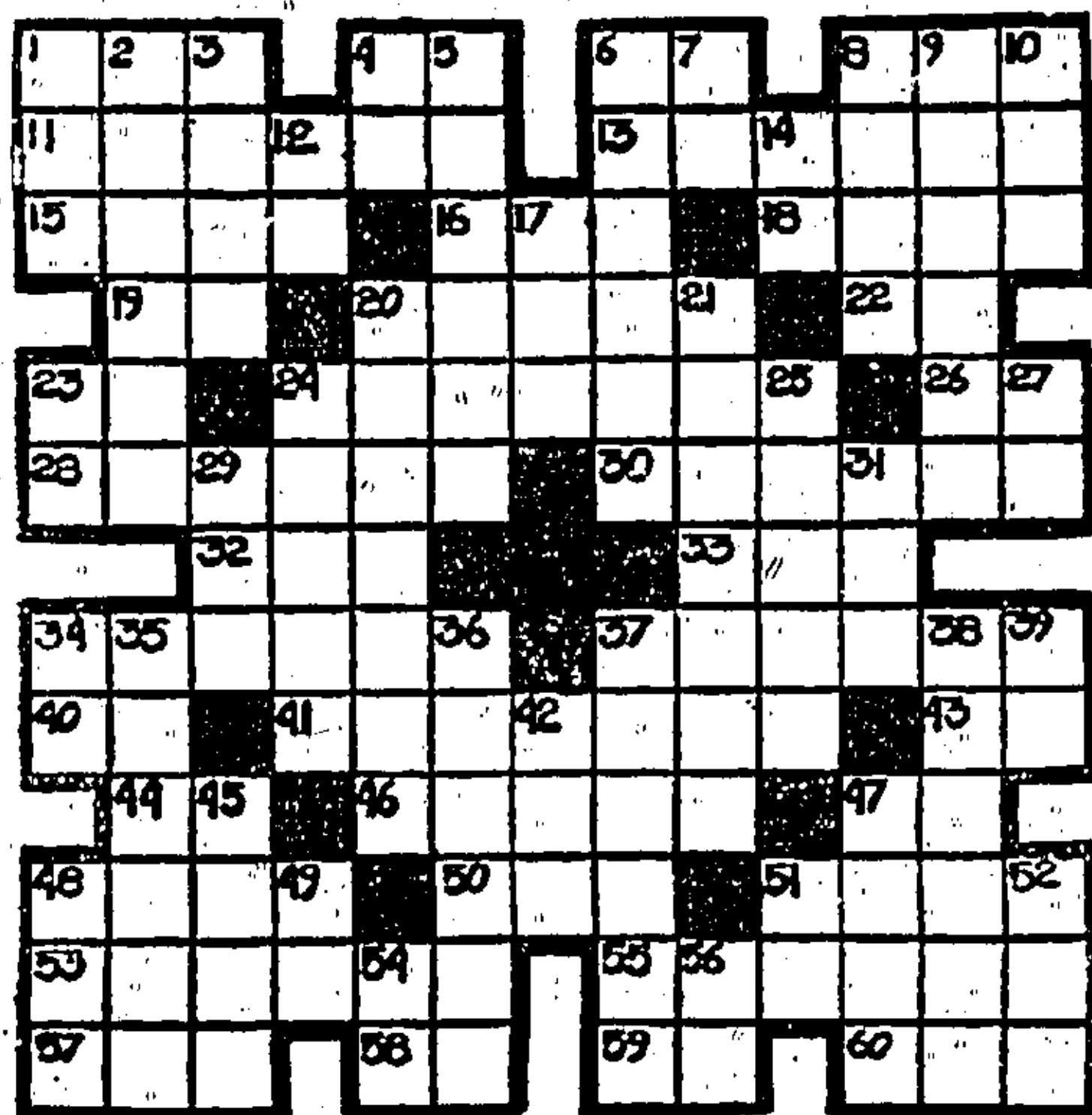
"Did you carry a barrel of flour, then?" asked Mike.

"I did not. But I carried an automobile tire over each shoulder svin blocks for the boss. And I heard the man say there was 100 pounds of air in each wan av thim."

There were guests at dinner. Charles, aged 3, waited long and anxiously to be served, for his father had some difficulty in carrying the chicken.

At last, when he received his plate, he had the same experience as his father in cutting his portion, so he turned to his mother and said: "Mother, I know now why they call them Plymouth Rocks."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



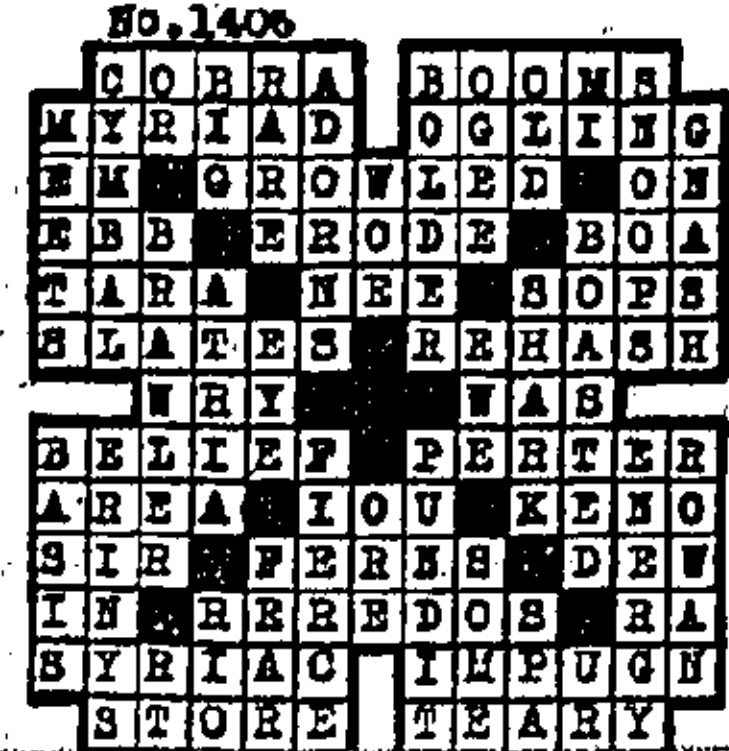
Horizontal.

- 1.—Unit of work.
- 4.—A parent (Colloquial).
- 6.—To exist.
- 8.—Recompense.
- 11.—Brought up.
- 13.—Live coals.
- 15.—Part of church.
- 16.—Nocturnal bird.
- 18.—Sweet potatoes.
- 19.—Aloft.
- 20.—Cavalry unit.
- 22.—Musical note.
- 23.—Pronoun.
- 24.—Shone.
- 25.—Symbol for nickel.
- 28.—Rapid expert.
- 30.—Classifies.
- 32.—Goddess of dawn.
- 33.—To weep.
- 34.—Bonds.
- 37.—Bed coverings.
- 40.—Conjunction.
- 41.—Slang; arrests.
- 43.—Masculine pronoun.
- 44.—Part of "to be."
- 46.—Scorches.
- 47.—French article.
- 48.—Curved moulding.
- 50.—Prior to.
- 51.—Plate.
- 53.—Acrid.
- 55.—Twin in "Comedy of Errors."
- 57.—To cool.
- 58.—Like.
- 59.—Symbol for samarium.
- 60.—A serpent.

Vertical.

- 1.—Age.
- 2.—Estimation.
- 3.—Convulsive breath.
- 4.—Pronoun.
- 5.—Worship.
- 6.—Are property of.
- 7.—Type measure.
- 8.—Great deed.
- 9.—Kind of fur.
- 10.—A worm.

SATURDAY'S SOLUTION.



THE FAMILY ALBUM—QUIET

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



PICTURES AND PLAYS.

"I'm broke because I'm a fool!" This is what Miss Mae Busch, the famous film star, has just revealed in a Los Angeles court. She had only \$20 to her name, she said.

The film actress went to court to ask for the release of an attachment filed by an agent for that sum. Miss Busch stated that if the attachment were not released she and her sick father, whom she supports, would suffer real want. "I am not worried over the fact that I am virtually broke," continued Mae.

"I have thrown away thousands and thousands of dollars, but I am 'coming back' and I am going to save my money from now on. I've learned my lesson—learned that trying to keep pace with Hollywood doesn't pay."

Judge Marshall F. McComb released the attachment on her "torture." That money, declared Mae, will keep both her and her father until she gets another job. "Before I came to Hollywood I did not know what wealth and luxury were," Miss Busch said. "Then I went into pictures and met with almost immediate success. Before I realized what was happening more money than I had ever dreamed of started pouring in on me. I guess having so much money turned my head. I started spending it recklessly without a thought of the future. My chief ambition was to out-

do every one else in the picture business. And since there are many others with the same idea it proved to be a difficult task. If one of my friends gave a party, I would give one a week or so later on an even more lavish scale. And if I saw another actress riding in a car which cost more than mine, I couldn't rest until I had bought an even more expensive one. I never stopped to think that some day the flow of gold would stop."

The Court of Appeal held recently that the author of a musical work who had assigned his copyright and performing rights was not himself entitled under the Copyright Act of 1911 to prevent the performance in public of part of his work by film.

The case was a test case, in which Warner Brothers Pictures, Ltd., importers of "The Singing Fool," and the Hyde Park Cinema, Ltd., appealed from a judgment of Mr. Justice Astbury restraining the production of part of Billy Merston's song, "The Spaniard that Blighted my Life."

Among the recent releases are:—"Monkeynuts"—Betty Balfour in a French circus film, with Walter Butler (called Byron in U.S.A.). A jolly good family show.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

Your Home and Mine.

FRUIT COCKTAILS AND APPETIZERS.

"What shall I serve for my opening course?" is the question every hostess asks herself as she begins mentally tabulating the menu of the approaching luncheon or dinner party.

But to choose that first would be like selecting a necklace and making the more important details of your costume fall in line. Just as you first pick your dress as the basis from which to work out the colour and kind of accessories, so it is the main meal that must first be decided upon. And it is in consideration of that, that the appetizer, soup or cocktail, is made to lead off in the most satisfactory manner.

If the meal is rather heavy, a bouillon or consommé would be in much better taste than a thick cream soup. Or a fruit cocktail would be very nice, provided you had not planned to serve a fruit salad.

Of the more nourishing appetizers, a few are: anchovies with olives on toast, or anchovies combined with cheese, hard-boiled eggs or tomatoes; egg with sardines, crab meat or lobster canapés; sardines on toast, herring, caviar with egg, and canapés of chicken liver. I shall give to-day suggestions for preparing several appetizers, and directions for making two fruit cocktails. Of the latter, grapefruit cocktail is probably the most used. It is made as a rule with equal parts of grapefruit pulp, diced pineapple and stoned white cherries. Let it stand in its juice for several hours, and serve very cold in cocktail glasses, with tiny bits of mint cherries in each glass. Or, if you

be served in grape fruit cups or baskets.

A very attractive cocktail served in orange cups is made as follows: Use one cup of boiling water to

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Ménus. | |
| DINNERS. | |
| Tomato Bouillon | |
| Fillet of Lamb | |
| Scalloped Potatoes | French Peas |
| | |
| Hot Rolls | |
| Pear Salad | |
| Coffee Mousse | |
| Coffee | |
| | |
| Grapefruit Cocktail | |
| Roast Beef | |
| Grated Horseradish | |
| Stuffed Tomatoes | |
| Browned Potatoes | |
| Lettuce with Thousand Island Dressing | |
| Apricot Ice | |
| Coffee | |

dissolve one package of lemon-flavoured gelatin. Add one cup of orange juice and two tablespoons of sugar. Chill, and when the gelatin begins to thicken, add one-half cup of cubed pineapple, one-half cup of white grapes, halved and seeded, and one-half cup of maraschino cherries. Chill, and when firm, put in orange cups, or in glasses, if you prefer.

For an appetizer, try sometime the following: Sauté chicken livers in hot fat with small onion until they are tender. Then chop and smooth to a paste, adding cayenne pepper, salt, butter and anchovy essence to taste. Serve on small squares or triangles of toast.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

SAVOURY RECIPES.

Here is a savoury way of cooking eggs.

Take one egg for each person—or more if they like a lot—and a fire-proof egg poacher for each egg. Or china soups cases will do as well, small, individual ones, of course.

Butter the poachers or cases, and in the bottom of each put a few drops of Worcester sauce.

Break the eggs, one into each case, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and put a small piece of butter on top of each.

Place in a modern oven and bake until the egg whites are set.

Sweetbreads.

This is a delicious dainty, when you want to have a special treat.

Soak sweetbreads, three or four, in tepid water for half an hour. Then blanch them by plunging in boiling water and boil them for ten minutes, then plunge in cold water. Remove all fat and skin from them.

Dry thoroughly, and coat with beaten egg, then roll in bread crumbs; repeat this treatment twice more. Place them in a pan and pour over them carefully two ounces of melted butter, cover closely and roast from half to three-quarters of an hour.

Serve the sweetbreads on toast, and over them pour a good brown gravy, thickened with tomato sauce and a little finely chopped onion to taste.

Canapés of eggs and anchovies are made with anchovy butter, the chopped yolks and whites of eggs, and minced pickles. Garnish with a stuffed olive. The anchovy butter is made by pounding the anchovies and yolks of hard-boiled eggs, in the proportion of two to one, until they are smooth enough to be passed through a sieve. Add several tablespoons of butter and paprika.

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LAUGHS & THRILLS ON A LINER!

Reginald DENNY

with MARIAN NIXON

OUT ALL NIGHT

AT THE STAR FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 5.30 & 9.20.

DEATH AGREEMENT OF TWO LOVERS.

GIRL'S FATHER ADVISED TO ALLOW A MARRIAGE.

THAMES DRAMA.

"Think it over. If they are fond of each other, they will marry, whether you care or not. The court has dealt leniently with them."

These words were addressed to the father of the girl at Feltham Police Court when Harry Hill, aged 16, of Wickertley Road, Battersea, and Ada Dorothy Robinson, aged fifteen, of Heston Road, Peckham Rye, reappeared on the charge of attempting to commit suicide by drowning in the Thames at Teddington.

The chairman asked Hill if he was willing to marry the girl when she became sixteen in August, and Hill said that he was.

The girl's father, when asked if he were willing to agree to Hill marrying his daughter, replied, "No. It does not seem much of a life for either of them."

"Grievous Sin."

Mr. Horace Garland, the magistrate, in discharging Hill and Robinson, and putting them under the care of the probation officer, said, "God gave you life. It was a grievous sin against God to attempt to do what you did. Both of you remember what you have done, but let your friends forget it."

Detective Sergeant Emmett read statements, alleged to have been made by Hill and Robinson at the police station, in the course of which Hill said that the girl told him of her condition.

The statement added:—

"We walked about till 9.45, and then we went close to the bank for a few minutes. Then we agreed to go right now, so I took off my coat, which contained the letters, and took my handkerchief from my pocket."

"We then between us tied our wrists together. We went down some steps towards the river, and then I said to Ada, 'Do you still want to go?'"

"She said, 'Yes, Harry,' so we stepped out into the river. It was not very deep, so we walked out till the water covered our knees. I then asked her if she still wanted to go, and she said, 'Yes,' again."

"We kissed each other and then went backwards into the river. I don't know how long we were in the water, but all at once the handkerchief came undone and then, a couple of seconds later, I came to the top, and Ada was already above the water."

"She said, 'I can't do it, Harry. It is no good.' Let's go back. I was only too glad, as I had had enough of trying to drown myself. We stepped out of the river all wet and cold. I felt a silly fool to myself."

Hill was stated to be of good character, and his former employers were prepared either to take him back or assist in finding him another position.

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THE AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS.

PROMOTING MODERN EFFORTS.

A meeting of the New Territory Agricultural Show Committee was held on Saturday at Sheung Shui when details of the formation of the Agricultural Society was considered and adopted.

The Rev. H. R. Wells took the chair and among others present were: Mr. Fung Ki Cheuk, Mr. F. C. Mow Fung, Mr. F. W. Stapleton, Mr. J. D. Bush, Mr. Tang Wei Tong, Mr. Ng Shing Chi and heads of the different districts in the New Territory.

The draft of the Society was passed in the form given below, but it was made clear at the meeting that this would only be a temporary ground plan or working basis for the Society.

I. The name of this association is to be "The Agricultural Association."

II. The primary object for which this association is formed is the promotion of the science and practice of agriculture in all its branches.

The following are among the more important educational subjects to which the association will direct its exertion:—

1. Organising classes in Agriculture.
2. Giving grants in aid of Agricultural Education.
3. Conducting experiments for the purpose of promoting the application of science to Agriculture.
4. Assisting farmers with the chemical examination of their soils.
5. Investigation into insect pests and diseases affecting farm crops and live stock.
6. Encouraging the use of improved strains of plants and animals.
7. The association will keep in touch with, and publish periodically the results of recent Agricultural Research and descriptions of inventions likely to be of interest to local farmers.
8. An Agricultural Show will be promoted annually by the association.

III. The secondary object of this association is to make a systematic study of the economics of farming in the New Territories.

The association will thus consider matters connected with:—

1. The Agricultural Resources of the Colony.
2. The improvement of transport facilities.
3. The improvement of marketing methods.
4. The improvement of methods of irrigation.
5. Co-operative buying and selling.
6. Agricultural Insurance.
7. Any other subject affecting the interest of Agriculture.

IV. The income and property of the association whencesoever derived shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the association as set forth above.

The committee has requested the Hon. English Secretary, Mr. J. D. Bush to forward a copy of the above to Mr. J. A. Fraser, District Officer, to be transmitted to the Government for approval prior to drawing up the rules of the Society in legal form and registering the Society with the authorities.

The aim of the Society is to make the development of agriculture in New Territories as self-supporting as possible. It is intended to teach the farmers to employ modern methods in farming which will be both for the benefit of the consumer and the producer.

The next Agricultural show will be held at Shek Wui Hui, near the Sheung Shui Railway Station on January 4 and 5, 1930. The schedule of exhibits is being revised and the question of entertainments, refreshments and temporary liquor license and use of radio are all before the committee, and a further meeting will be held on September 7, when it is hoped that these details will be settled.

ROYAL LIFE-SAVING SOCIETY.

CERTIFICATES FOR POLICE OFFICERS.

The following two members of the Hong Kong Police qualified on Friday afternoon for the Proficiency Certificate and Bronze Medallion of the Royal Life Saving Society:—
Sgts. J. Fell and L. G. A. Boffin.

The total recommendations forwarded to London for confirmation this year are, up to present date, forty-one Proficiency Certificates and Bronze Medallions, four Honorary Instructor's Certificates, and four Awards of Merit (Silver Medal).

During the absence from the Colony from July 24 to August 23 of the Hon. Representative, Mr. F. K. Ewart, of King's College, (Continued at foot of next column)

CHINESE GIRLS AND WESTERN HYGIENE.

AT DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL.

M.O. PLEASED—AND AMUSED.

The Head Mistress of the Diocesan Girls' School has sent us the following interesting and in places quietly humorous report on "the school by Hong Kong's very capable Lady Medical Officer for Schools, Dr. E. M. Minett.

It shows the very good sense with which the best of Western hygiene and physical training is being grafted onto Chinese life, without making too drastic and sudden changes.

Dr. Minett says:

At Drill.
I visited the Diocesan Girls' School for the purpose of making a half-yearly report, on July 4, 1929.

A physical training mistress has been added to the staff this year, and I saw a number of classes (senior and middle school) at drill. The covered playground allows these to be taken in the open air. The work was excellent, consisting of free movement, balancing exercises, good walking and running. The "special remove" class, of older Chinese girls, had obviously taken to the new idea, and the improvement in walking, posture, and freedom of movement, was well marked. Almost without exception, the girls were in a simple and loose white uniform which gave ample freedom and looked neat and by no means "foreign" to Chinese.

I suggested, from my experience of the neglect of children (and parents) here to consider a handkerchief as an essential part of the day's outfit, that "handkerchief drill" followed by a few breathing exercises, might be given at the beginning of each class, even to the older girls.

I saw a few special cases, of suspected chest trouble, bad posture, and one small boarder, who had had slight fever, otherwise all looked well.

Domestic Science.

Building alterations are being carried on in the block of servants' quarters and kitchens, etc. A kitchen for the girls to practise, cookery and other practical parts of their "domestic science" work, is being made, also a small room for storing sports apparatus, and the amah's kitchen and laundry is being enlarged.

A covered way from the school to the covered playground would be an advantage, and will be built as soon as funds permit. This is more necessary for the sunny days than in case of rain.

The single flush cisterns are in good order, and instruction in hygiene, etc., is given.

The chess room and dormitories were all in good order.

Fighting the "Fog."

I had opportunities, during the term, of seeing the dormitories at night, and went round them, late, on two occasions with the Headmistress. The ventilation is excellent, and is, I think, one of the best features of the regime. New boarders, unaccustomed to fresh air, use many amusing devices, to get their desired "fog"—but it does not take long for them to get used to the better atmosphere. The health and attendance of boarders is excellent, while epidemics of "colds" are almost unknown. A few cases of mumps has been the only contribution to infectious disease this term, and certainly no germ would have a long life in those airy dormitories.

Variety!
A point that struck me on one of our late visits to the girls' quarters is the number of face creams, powders, etc., that are apparently necessities to the modern school girl. Pocket money and allowances must have increased considerably in late years to allow of these purchases. The Headmistress tells me that most thorough "creaming" is done nightly. "If it leads to thorough washing, no doubt it is excellent for the skin, and certainly it does so lead in school. I have my doubts about the holidays!

I shared the mid-day meal, which is excellent, a well-balanced provision of meat, starch and green vegetables, and pudding. A good brown bread is used.

The girls are given, and are encouraged to, get from home, fruit and plain sweets rather than ornamental pastries, and their appetites seemed hearty. The kitchens and pantries were in excellent order; filtered drinking water is available at all times. Some day, I have no doubt, a "bubbling well" will be added to the playground attractions. It is always a pleasure for one interested in health matters to visit this school, as improvements are continually being made.

any communications re life-saving should be addressed to L/Bdr. W. Adams, 12 Heavy Battery, R.A., Lyceum, who will, with the co-operation of the other qualified instructors, assist in the formation and advice of classes.

"STRONG BOY."

THE TRIALS OF PROMOTION.

GOOD PROGRAMME AT THE QUEEN'S.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

There is a good comedy programme at the Queen's to-day including a "darkest Africa" absurdity, our old friend Felix in one of his numerous love affairs, and Victor McLaglen as "Strong Boy" a railway station porter to whom all sorts of adventures, heroic and absurd happen with commendable rapidity.

Strong Boy loves Mary McGregor (Leatrice Joy), who is in charge of the bookstall, but Mary is keen on the respectability suggested by a white collar and urges her lover to "get ambition." Then the adventures begin. Strong Boy smashes a small girl from under a falling trunk and, since the baby is the person of much importance, the next day emerges in a white collar as superintendent of the Lost Baggage Office. Mary thinks he ought to have asked to be promoted station master, and despite the fact that owing to the misplaced enthusiasm of two of Strong Boy's friends, all sorts of articles pour into his office—a little boy, goats, rabbits, a monkey and baggage of all descriptions—the turns up her nose at his promotion. Among other things which come into his charge is a valuable necklace, lost by a film star, with which the monkey runs away, to be caught after an exciting chase by the hero, in the manager's office. That job promotes Strong Boy to be a fireman and still Mary is displeased.

Then a European Queen arrives at the station and travels on Strong Boy's train with her priceless jewels in the baggage van. The train is held up by thieves, and, after an exciting fight, we see Strong Boy once more a blushing hero—this time Mary reverts because the "Queen" does not seem quite indifferent to her sweetheart's masculine charm!

Victor McLaglen has had more ambitious parts, but "Strong Boy" is by no means a poor film, and is packed with incident, with many amusing situations.

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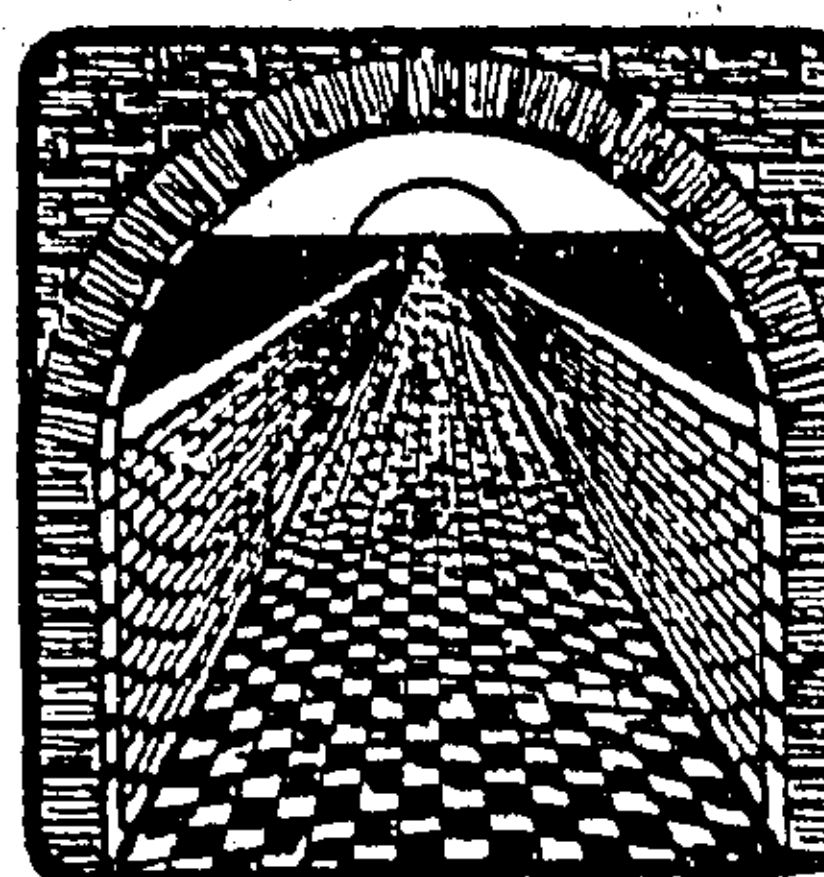
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A MACAO LOTTERY.

CHINESE FINED \$50 FOR PUBLISHING RESULT.

An interesting point was raised by Mr. Fred X. D'Almada at Central Magistracy on Saturday while defending a Chinese charged with publishing the results of a San Piu lottery. Mr. D'Almada submitted that the offence was no greater than the publishing of race results and the results of the Madrid Lottery in local papers.

His Worship observed that it was an open matter as to whether or not the publishing of the result of a lottery made a newspaper liable to prosecution, but the fact that no prosecution was instituted against any papers in the case cited did not create a precedent. A Magistrate must consider the merit of every case as it was brought before him, and consider the matter of encouraging gambling in the Colony. He hardly thought that the publishing of the result of a Madrid lottery was propaganda for gambling as few people here were likely to rush off and buy a chance in a Spanish lottery. It was a different matter with a "San Piu" lottery which was run in Macao.

The defendant was convicted and fined \$50 or one month's hard labour.

Evidence showed that the defendant had in his possession 172 copies of the *O-Moon Kwong Po*, a Chinese paper published in Macao. The papers were found in a room (Continued on next Column).

ELECTRICAL STORES.

ALL IMPUTATIONS WITHDRAWN.

The charge against the manager of the Yu Wing Electric Supplies shop of No. 147 Bonham Strand East of receiving stolen property ended at the Central Magistracy on Saturday, when the prosecution asked leave to withdraw the case. Mr. M. K. Lo represented the defendant, while the complainants, the General Electric Company, were represented by Mr. H. J. Armstrong.

After Mr. Armstrong had asked leave to withdraw the charges, Mr. Lo observed that he had hoped for some words from his friend withdrawing all imputations against the defendant—that, as far as the complainants were concerned, defendant was leaving the Court without a stain on his character.

Mr. Armstrong said that he would certainly do that and further asked His Worship to direct that all goods seized be returned to the defendant.

His Worship addressing the defendant said that the complainants had withdrawn all imputations against his character and had asked permission to withdraw the charges. His Worship would grant that application and make an order for the return of goods.

on the top floor of No. 12 Upper Lascar Row, when the police raided the place on Wednesday night.

A GILBERT and SULLIVAN OPERETTA --- Complete

Each clever word and every bar of music in the little dramatic cantata, "Trial by Jury," has been recorded for Victor in this new and immensely entertaining Red Seal album. If your tastes run along instrumental lines, the famous Flonza Quartet—(now in the last year of their existence as an ensemble)—has recorded a lovely bit of Schumann chamber music... But that isn't half of the wonderful musical opportunities in this July list of Victor records. The best Red Seal music and the best dance entertainment are right here! You'll want to hear some of these new records. We want you to hear them. Let's get together... soon!

Trial by Jury (Gilbert-Sullivan)
D-Orly Carte Opera Company
Album C-4 (Nos. 9314-9317)
Automatic (Nos. 9318-9321)
Complete 1 set

Norma—Casta Diva—Parts 1 and 2
(Queen of Heaven) (Bellini)
ROSA PONSILLE WITH
METROPOLITAN OPERA CHORUS
No. 9125, 12-inch

I'm Falling in Love With Someone
(from "Naughty Marietta")
Moonbeams (from "The Red Mill")
RICHARD CROOKS
No. 1371, 10-inch

Etude in C Sharp Minor Piano
Etude in D Flat Major MURIEL KERR
No. 4113, 10-inch

Melodie Arabe (Glazounow—Kochanski) **Violin with Piano**
Sicilienne and Rigoletto (Francoeur)
SADAH SUGIHARA
No. 4114, 10-inch

Alt-Wien (Old Vienna) (from "Triakontameron") **Piano**
Prelude in A Minor (Debussy)
ISABELLE YALOWITZKY
No. 4115, 10-inch

Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 1—Ingrid's Lament
Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 2—Arabian Dance
EUGENE GOSSENS AND
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
No. 9327, 12-inch

Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 3—The Return of Peer Gynt
Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 4—Solovej's Song
EUGENE GOSSENS AND
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
No. 9328, 12-inch

Blue Hawaii
On a Summer Night
JIM MILLER-CHARLES FARRALL
No. 21964, 10-inch

From Sunrise to Sunset (from "Sunset 'Til Dawn")
To Be in Love (Especially with You)
JACK SMITH
No. 21967, 10-inch

If I Give Up the Saxophone (Will You Come Back to Me?)
Hello Sunshine Hello
EDDIE CANTONE
No. 21962, 10-inch

Don Giovanni—Madamina!
(Pretty Lady)
Don Giovanni—Nella blanda egli ha l'insanza (Is a Maiden Fair and Slender)
FEODOR CHALIAFFEN
No. 1393, 10-inch

Capriccio Italien—Parts 1 and 2
LEOPOLD STOKOVSKI AND
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
No. 6949, 12-inch

Capriccio Italien—Parts 3 and 4
LEOPOLD STOKOVSKI AND
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
No. 6950, 12-inch

Quartet in A Minor (Schumann, Op. 41, No. 1)
FLONZALEY QUARTET
Album M-51 (Nos. 1574-1577)
Automatic (Nos. 1578-1581)

I Kiss Your Hand, Madame
She's a New Kind of Old-Fashioned Girl
JACK SMITH
No. 21973, 10-inch

Blue Hawaii
On a Summer Night
JIM MILLER-CHARLES FARRALL
No. 21964, 10-inch

From Sunrise to Sunset (from "Sunset 'Til Dawn")
To Be in Love (Especially with You)
JACK SMITH
No. 21967, 10-inch

If I Give Up the Saxophone (Will You Come Back to Me?)
Hello Sunshine Hello
EDDIE CANTONE
No. 21962, 10-inch



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ARDENT SUPPORT FOR NANKING.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, July 21.

Feeling is running high in Canton as a result of the reported clash between Chinese and Soviet Russian troops in Manchuria. The whole city is bedecked with white cloths and paper banners bearing anti-Soviet slogans. The white cloth strips, some of which are of astonishing size, are strung to telephone poles across the malloos. Big posters also bearing anti-Soviet sentiments are pasted on walls in conspicuous places.

Leading articles condemning the Soviet action in Manchuria are daily appearing in all the vernacular newspapers in Canton and the whole city appears to be in a state of great perturbation over the rapid march of events in North China.

This patriotic fervor is being worked up by the local Kuomintang and a big meeting was held on Saturday at the party headquarters and attended by practically all the leading officials of the Government from Generals Chen Ming Shu and Chen Tsai Tong downwards. Every one present was full of indignation and feeling ran high. Among the speakers were the two Generals, both of whom bitterly denounced the war like preparations of the Soviet Government in Manchuria.

CHEN MING SHU ON CHINA'S POSITION.

General Chen Ming Shu said, among other things:—

"Soviet Russia has been using the Chinese Eastern Railway as its headquarters of Communist propaganda. We, therefore, had to take over the control of the Railway in order to eliminate the danger which this propaganda was causing. Our action was proper and correct, but the Soviet Government became agitated and threatened the Nationalist Movement."

"After it had received our peacefully worded Note in answer to its ultimatum, it suddenly gave an order to all its consuls and nationals in China to withdraw to Russia, saying that relations with China had been broken off. But as a matter of fact our diplomatic relations with the Soviet Government had been severed a long time ago. During the campaign which purged the Kuomintang of its bad elements, we broke off such relations with Russia. Although the Soviet Government later sent consuls to China, their duties were merely to arrange and sign passports, and such minor matters. It is silly for the Soviet to talk now about the severance of Russo-Chinese relations."

"We should take to heart that the Soviet Government has actually despatched a big army to our northern border and is making war-like preparations to show its 'mailed fist' in China. We must all support the Central Government in whatever steps it may take to deal with the situation."

After this the head of the Canton Civil Government spoke in detail on the causes of the Sino-Russian dispute, and why the Government had to take over the control of the Chinese Eastern Railway. He then turned his attention to the internal problems of China, saying that there still was a strong element of reaction, supported by the Community Party and a group known as the Koi Tso action. These elements, though only small in number, were working upon public opinion by means of propaganda. They were working for the downfall of the Central Government, and were scattered throughout Honan, Shantung, Shansi, and other provinces.

General Chen Tsai Tong, who spoke next, heartily endorsed the views of General Chen Ming Shu, adding that every attempt will be made to present a united front against Soviet Russia.

MEETINGS AND CIRCULARS.

The following resolutions were passed:—

1.—That General Chen Tsai Tong organise a picked force and that an aerial force be placed at the disposal of Nanking. These two units will be held in readiness for the front at a moment's call from the Central Government;

2.—That General Chen Tsai Tong and all chief military leaders of the Province send a circular telegram to all the leaders of the country, urging them to be prepared for any eventuality with regard to Soviet Russia;

3.—That a publicity committee be appointed to keep people informed of the progress of events.

4.—That a huge anti-Soviet demonstration be held in Canton on Wednesday, July 24. The demonstration to take the form of a parade through the street. But immediately before the parade there will be a big gathering on the East Parade Grounds, where speeches will be delivered. Lecture corps will be organized to harangue the populace on the streets on that day.

LOOKING OUT FOR COMMUNISTS.

Some fear is entertained in official circles as to the activities of Communists in Canton at this critical time. The Police are very vigilant and hotels and lodging houses are constantly searched for undesirable characters. Communist literature denouncing the Kuomintang and the Central Government has been discovered in Tsiu Ling and was brought to Canton the other day.

It was in turn forwarded to Nanking. No arrests have been made. On account of the intense feelings against the Soviet Government, Russian nationals in Canton are leaving for Hong Kong. But according to information from official circles adequate protection will be given them if they wish to remain in Canton, as the indignation is not directed against them as individuals, but only against the Russian Government as a whole.

KWANGTUNG MILITARY EXPENDITURE.

It will be recalled that according to the understanding arrived at with Mr. T. V. Soong (Nanking Finance Minister) the military expenditure for Kwangtung was to be cut down first to \$3,000,000 a month and then to \$2,500,000 a month. The Commander-in-Chief, General Chen Tsai Tong proposes, however, to manage with \$2,500,000 from the first. In regard to disarmament, it is expected that after August 1, definite steps will be taken.

TROUBLE IN YUNNANFU NOT CONFIRMED.

In an interview, General Liu Pei Chi, chief of the Yunnan Aviation Bureau, said that he received cable communications on the 13th and 14th from the Civil Governor Lung, in which no mention was made of Yunnanfu being invaded by General Ho and Chang. It was General Liu's opinion that as the report of the invasion emanated from Chungking in Szechuan, it was probably a report spread by interested parties.

Asked as to what date the Yunnan 'peace' was to start on its overland journey to Nanking, Hankow, Chungking, and Yunnanfu, the General replied that he hoped to have started last week, but owing to preparations not having been completed he could not start for another five days.

MARSHAL LI TSAI HSIN. RELEASE "INOPPORTUNE" AT PRESENT.

Chairman General Chen Ming Shu cabled two days ago to President Chiang Kai Shek asking him to release Li Tsai Hsin.

President Chiang replied as follows: "While I am heartily in agreement with your wish, the time for such action is inopportune, but the matter will be taken up later."

MEDICAL OFFICER DENOUNCES CHILD LABOUR AT KOWLOON.

CONDITIONS THAT WOULD KNOCK UP MOST MEN.

CHINESE J.P. ALSO DEPRECATES NIGHT WORK.

INJURIOUS EFFECTS ON HEALTH AND NEXT GENERATION.

Dr. H. A. Fawcett gave at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday, an unsparing denunciation of the conditions under which young girls are allowed to work at a Kowloon knitting factory. He said that the night work, 10½ hours a night seven days a week, was most injurious to complainant, a mul tial of about 15, that it must react on her system and would also, if continued, affect any children she might have later in life.

Work of the kind described involved standing, which was most harmful to women and especially to girls undergoing the "change of life" at complainant's age.

The work that this child was doing, the Medical Officer said, would knock up any European girl and many men.

MACHINERY WHICH DAMAGES HEALTH.

The case was one in which a Chinese widow is being charged with ill-treatment and failing to provide for her mul tial as she would for her own daughter. It was continued before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday.

After a protracted hearing in which expert evidence was given by a member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce with regard to treatment and work of a mul tial in accordance with Chinese custom, and by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of the result on a young girl of continuous night work, His Worship adjourned the case intimating that he wished to reserve his decision and to review the evidence. His Worship's decision will be given in Court on Tuesday morning at 11.30 a.m.

Defendant was charged following complaints made by the mul tial to the Police Station at Hung Hom. The girl said that she had been refused food for over 24 hours and that she had been made to work in a knitting factory from 8.30 p.m. to 7 a.m. every night for two and a half months. In addition to this she was obliged to do housework, wash the dishes and carry water. She only slept at short intervals during the day. The girl was sold by her parents to the defendant at the age of 11 years and was now 16 according to Chinese reckoning or 14-15 according to European standard.

Mr. H. R. Butters, of the S.C.A., conducted the prosecution, the defendant not being legally represented. At the previous hearing His Worship intimated that he would like to hear an opinion on the mul tial question from a member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and on the result of night work on a girl of the age of the complainant from a medical officer. Dr. G. H. Thomas had previously stated that he examined the girl but could not say she was either in bad health or undernourished.

Over-work Rather Than Ill-treatment.

When the case was resumed on Saturday Mr. Butters referred to the Ordinance which stated that a child under the age of 15 could not be made to work between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. It would be held that a child was overworked if she worked even one hour after 7 p.m. As such was the case for a child under 15 surely it was far worse for a child just over 15 to be made to work 8½ hours each night for seven nights a week for a period of two and a half months without a break! The prosecution now relied on the question of over-work rather than that of direct ill-treatment, as they had to conclusive evidence of the latter. The defendant had actually overworked both her own daughter and the mul tial.

A Chinese View.

Mr. Tong Yat Tsun, a Justice of Peace of the Colony since 1916, Director of the Tung Wah Hospital and Po Leung Kuk, and member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, gave evidence regarding Chinese customs and treatment of a mul tial.

Questioned by Mr. Butters, witness said that in his opinion night work for the long hours described was not expected of a mul tial. The matter depended to some extent, however, on the financial position of the mistress. The work of a mul tial was primarily menial and domestic, but should the mistress be so poor as to require more money to maintain the family, then the mul tial could be called upon to do outside work. Mr. Butters asked witness if it was right for the mistress to take the child's wages. Witness replied that in the circumstances he thought it correct.

His Worship also questioned Mr. Tong and asked if only rich people had mul tials. Witness replied that invariably a mul tial was paid for and therefore only a monied person owned one. However, there was always probability of the owners falling upon hard times and therefore mul tials were not confined to rich people.

Draws the Line at Night Work.

Asked if he considered that the complainant had been overworked as a mul tial, witness replied to His Worship that he did not think a mul tial should be asked to do night work. As to the question of treating a mul tial like one's own daughter, witness said that there must be some difference. The daughter, for instance, did not do house work, while this was the duty of a mul tial. A mul tial would also be sent out to work when the daughter was not.

"Certainly Over-worked."

Dr. H. A. Fawcett, Medical Officer of Health, said that he had visited many of the factories in Hong Kong and was aware of their conditions. He had not, however, visited the one at which complainant worked.

Witness considered nine hours work a day in twenty-four hours was too much for a child whether it was continuous or at intervals. In the case of the complainant she had certainly been over-worked.

Questioned by His Worship as to the difference between night and day work, witness was emphatic that night work tended to impair health. A person called upon to sleep during the day was disturbed by the noises of the day and work at night had injurious effects on the eyesight. The body was at low ebb during the night and had not the full vigour and energy enjoyed during the day.

As regards a child of the age of complainant, especially a female child, the effects were very serious.

Witness remarked that a European girl and many men would probably collapse under the conditions imposed upon the complainant. The work was deadly and monotonous and caused what was known as "industrial fatigue, with a tendency to react upon the nervous system."

It was the practice at home now to vary the work amongst employers, such as in the case of girls wrapping chocolates.

Further a girl, especially of the age of the complainant, was undergoing important physical changes and this required a great deal of her energy. Continuous standing for such long hours caused "congestion" and was especially harmful to women.

Witness said he was aware of the nature of the work at which the girl was employed in the knitting factory and said that her lungs were open to the dust of the machinery, against which there was no shield. Factory girls at home were far better off in this respect and special shield and draught passages were employed to draw away this dust.

All these points would certainly impair the health of the complainant and would have ill effects in the event of her marriage and upon her children. Long hours of sleep were necessary for young children, the ideal being at least 11 hours, although, witness remarked, he knew many never got as much as that.

Defendant's Version.

Defendant giving her evidence in the witness-box said that both her daughter and the complainant worked at the factory on their own accord. She had scolded the complainant for taking up the feather sorting work which she did at the factory.

She had continually reminded the complainant that she need not work at the factory if she considered it too hard, but the girl had kept on working. Mr. Butters, cross-examined witness and put it to her that she had a son who was working and supporting her. She lived in free quarters provided for the son by his firm and prior to her son going to work, she had been supported by her husband, who was subsequently banished from the Colony.

Mr. Butters told His Worship that he would submit that the defendant made the mul tial work un-
(Continued on next Column)

CORRESPONDENCE.

"FLOODS" IN KWANGTUNG.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—In your issue of July 17 appears a notice headed "Floods in Kwangtung," which is extremely misleading. I do not know from where your Chinese correspondent gets his information: but his report on the state of conditions at Sheklung, where, he says, "the East River is inundating numbers of villages..." and "the streets of the city are partly under water" is entirely wrong. The true flood condition at that place is verified by the following figures as regards the flood levels.

The highest flood level on record is 13.2 feet above zero. The streets in Sheklung city are situated on an average elevation of 8 feet above the same zero, and the gauge records for the last 5 days are as follows:

July 10	Feet above zero.
11	2.3
12	2.0
13	4.4
14	5.5
15	6.3
16	6.9
17	6.2
18	5.4

The streets have thus never been flooded by the river water during the period under review. The country round Sheklung is always more or less flooded during the rainy season; but this is entirely due to the fields not being properly protected by dykes.

Regarding the North and West Rivers, the water is at present well below the mean water level for the season, and there is no indication whatever of any inundations. Yours, etc.,

P. W. OLIVECRONA,

Engineer-in-Chief.

Canton, July 17.

CATHEDRAL WEDDING.

DRAGON—CHENALLOY.

The wedding of Miss Bernice Isthmuley Chenalloy to Mr. Peter Arban Dragon was celebrated, on Saturday at St. John's Cathedral, the Very Rev. Dean A. Swann, D.S.C., M.A., officiating.

Mr. Dragon was born in Penang and educated in the Straits Settlements. He was formerly a very popular master at St. Joseph's College and is now teaching at the Wah Yan College. He is a keen photographer and won the first amateur gold medal offered in the Colony. Mr. Dragon's pictures are well-known locally and he is especially successful with cloud effects. Miss Chenalloy worked until recently at the Bank of Canton.

The bride was given away by Mr. S. T. Lo, and attended by Miss Lucy Lee (of Sydney) as bridesmaid. She looked very charming in her wedding gown of white georgette and silver lace, and carried a bouquet of pink Honolulu creepers. Miss Lee wore blue georgette and carried a bouquet of pink Honolulu creepers.

The "best man" was Dr. K. C. Yeo.

The reception was held in the Hong Kong Hotel, where the many friends of the happy couple gathered to wish them health, happiness and prosperity. The honeymoon is being spent in Manila.

Mr. Butters also put it to the defendant that she had her daughter go out to work as long as five years ago and to do such work as earth carrying. Defendant said that that was only about two years ago.

Defendant in her evidence, asked His Worship to pardon her and let her go. His Worship replied that that was not relevant to the evidence which she had to give.

The case was then adjourned till Tuesday morning at 11.30 a.m. when His Worship will deliver his decision.

MUI TSAI CASE ADJOURNED.

BUSY S.C.A. OFFICIALS.

Owing to the absence of representatives from the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, a case in which two Chinese women were charged with ill-treating a mul tial was adjourned until this morning.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton, before whom the women were charged, desired to hear some particulars of the case before fixing bail, but the Police officer in charge of the case stated that the whole case was handled by the S.C.A. and he was not in a position to tell His Worship anything.

Later in the morning, Sergeant Post of the S.C.A. appeared in court to say that Mr. Butters of the S.C.A. was engaged in a case in Kowloon and that Mr. Todd, another assistant was also engaged. The defendants were granted bail of \$200 each.

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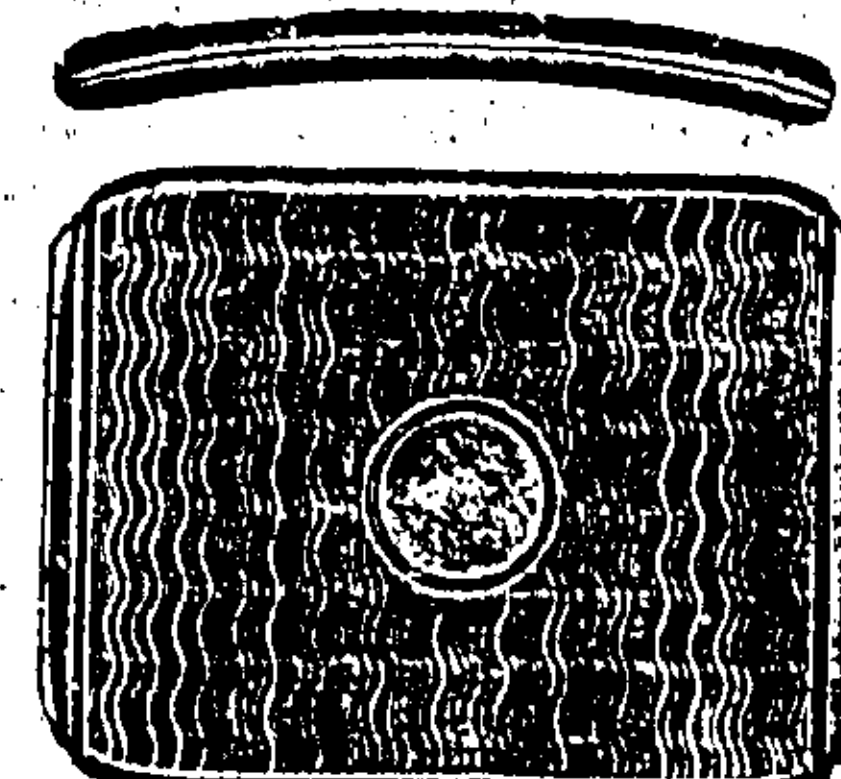
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NANKING'S MARTIAL MANIFESTO.

WILL THE KELLOGG PACT PREVAIL?

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Tokyo, July 21.

Advices from Manchuli are that the reported occupation of Manchuli and Pogranichnaya is incorrect.

A panic prevails amongst the Russians, and Chinese are withdrawing, but the Japanese are remaining.

The Asahi Harbin correspondent now denies the occupation of Pogranichnaya and Manchuli.

Another Rumour.

Shanghai, July 21.

Private advices this morning state that Russian troops attempting to cross the river at Blagovestchensk were fired on by Chinese troops and forced to retire.

"White" Cossacks.

Tokyo, July 20.

It is officially stated here that Japanese residents in Pogranichnaya and Manchuli are withdrawing to Harbin and Tsitsihar, doing so under warnings from Japanese Consul officers.

"White" Cossacks whose numbers are estimated at 3,000, according to official Japanese sources are forming a "Self Defence Corps" in the Manchuli district.

From Manchuli comes intelligence that "Red" cavalry appeared within half a mile of Manchuli this morning.

New Route For Mails.

Shanghai, July 21.

The Soviet Consul at Kalgan left on Saturday for Russia, Urga. A party of fourteen persons, including women and children, left the Peking Soviet Consulate last night for Vladivostok. The Consul has not yet gone, as the handing over of affairs to the German Legation is not yet complete.

It is understood the Soviet authorities are arranging for the continuance of European mails via Siberia, routing them through Japan and Vladivostok.

"Don't Hit Me, Or Else."

Moscow, July 21.

Commenting on reports of Chinese mobilisation and the concentrating of troops along the Soviet frontier, the *Izvestia* (an official organ) says:—

"The Union of Socialist Soviet Republics does not want war and will fight against it; but if a single Chinese soldier crosses the frontier, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will prove that it is capable of checking and worthily punishing the initiators of such an invasion."

Self-Defence.

Berlin, July 21.

Advices from Moscow are that the Soviet Commissioner of Trans-Siberia, M. Ruzhnikov, declares the Soviet Government does not think of sending a single soldier across the Manchurian frontier. The measures were taken, due to a report that White Russian Guards, Russian Guards, and Russian emigres, are preparing an attack on Russia.

The Moscow Government will not declare war on China, for reasons of principle.

Russian Officials Detained.

Peking, July 20.

Mr. T. V. MacMurray, American Minister to China, who arranged to leave on Monday with his family, for a vacation in America, was instructed last night to defer his departure owing to the Sino-Russian situation.

Despatches received at Peking confirm the detention of Melnikov, the Soviet Consul-General, by the Harbin authorities when on the point of leaving for Dairen with his staff.

It is stated that one hour before the party was due to depart the Chinese suddenly issued orders prohibiting them from leaving, on the ground that hostilities had broken out at Manchuli and Pogranichnaya.

Melnikov then sought asylum for his party in the Foreign Consulate, but this was refused, and finally they were lodged in a Japanese hotel.

The Consul-General himself insisted upon staying in the Consulate, where, according to latest available news, he remains, under conditions virtually amounting to internment.

It is expected the Diplomatic Body will shortly interest itself in the heavy losses with which commercial interests are faced, owing to the interruption of railway traffic in Manchuria, where 18,000 tons of freight are reported to be tied up at Harbin alone.

Chinese merchants are urging the railway authorities to provide transportation, but the latter maintain that the responsibility rests with the Government, who they claim detained 457 passengers and 1,600 freight cars on the pretext of heavy rains along

the Amur, which interrupted communications and has prevented the return of rolling stock.

It is reported that Tsu Siu Liang, the Chinese Minister, is shortly proceeding to Moscow to discuss matters with the Soviet Government.

Nanking's Announcement.

Shanghai, July 20.

The National Government has issued a lengthy manifesto on the Sino-Soviet crisis.

It states, *inter alia*, that since 1927 the Soviet has conducted a persistent Communistic propaganda to undermine the National Government. The National Government, therefore, has been constrained to adopt measures of self-defence, *vis-à-vis* the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Disregarding the consequences, the Soviet Government has adopted warlike preparations, thereby violating the spirit of the anti-war pact, to which the Soviet is signatory. Such being the case, China is compelled to take precautionary measures. Responsibility for the disturbance of world peace must, therefore, rest upon the Soviet.

World attention is invited to the evidences of Soviet Government propaganda subversive to China's national interests, and to the fact that by rupturing the traffic on the Trans-Siberian railways the Soviet Government actually causes the interruption of international communications.

A Martial Manifesto.

Nanking, July 20.

Chiang Kai Shek has issued a manifesto to the Army urging them to rise against Red Imperialism and hold up the sovereign rights of China.

Chiang Kai Shek declares the abolition of unequal treaties and a realization of the national independence of China constitute the most important points of the Chinese Revolutionary movement, and every officer and soldier of the National Army should be willing to give up his life in the fight for their realization.

"The arrogant attitude of Russia towards our Government and its rights cannot be ignored. Otherwise, how can we ever hope to abrogate the unequal treaties, and win back our proper place in the family of nations."

"The Government is determined it will not be humiliated. We have no Imperialist designs, and we must defend our rights. Unless we unite in the fight against Red Imperialism our country and people will perish."

Dr. C. T. Wang's Views.

Shanghai, July 20.

Dr. C. T. Wang (the Foreign Minister), on his return from North China where he was when the acute tension began, was interviewed by Reuter and displayed optimism.

He deprecated the circulation of alarmist reports, saying that while in Peking recently "I issued a statement that the National Government of China is not inimical but entertains friendly feelings towards the Soviet."

"However," he continued, "we are determined to exterminate Communistic propaganda in China wherever it is found and whatever the cost."

"The present attitude of the Soviet Government has compelled the National Government of China to take precautionary defensive measures, but this is not to be interpreted that we have abandoned hope to have the question settled by peaceful means."

Assurance to Foreigners.

Continuing, Dr. Wang said:—"The use to which the Chinese Eastern Railway has been put as the base of Communistic propaganda against China's Government, existing social institutions and order, by agents of the Soviet, gives China justification for resorting to a preventive and emergency measure for taking over control of the Railway and its telegraphic and telephone systems."

"It is absolutely incorrect to infer that we have nullified Russian interests in the Railway."

"There is no ground for fear, either on the part of Russia or any other Power, that foreign enterprises in China, purely for legitimate purposes, will not be duly respected by China."

"It is the fixed policy of the National Government of China always to use proper diplomatic procedure, according to the established principles of international law, in reaching an amicable and satisfactory settlement of outstanding issues between China and foreign Powers."

SERIOUS FLOODS IN HOPEI.

NO FUNDS FOR RELIEF.

INUNDATION OF VILLAGES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Peking, July 21.

Recent heavy rains in North China have caused the Yangtze Ho to burst its south bank near Chochow, in Hopei.

At present ten villages are inundated, while waters are still pouring through a gap 700 feet long.

The Provincial Government has sent engineers and relief workers, but they are handicapped by lack of funds, and accordingly have telegraphed the Ministry of Finance appealing for the Ministry's monthly contribution to the Hopei river funds, which are now seven months in arrears.

ALLEGED RUSSIAN INTRIGUE.

Nanking, July 20.—The Nanking Government has released for publication some of the documents seized during the raid on the Russian Consulate at Harbin.

Of the documents seized and now in the possession of the Nanking Government, a facsimile telegram from the Soviet Government to the Soviet Propaganda Agency in the Far East indicates that the Soviet Government instructed the Agency to use every effort to set the Mukden authorities at variance with the Nanking Government. It further states that if their effort were unsuccessful in this direction, the Chinese Eastern Railway should be utilized for the formation of a secret Red military organization, aiming at the destruction of the Manchurian Government.

U.S. Takes Initiative.

Washington, July 19.

It is officially announced that the United States Government has taken steps to draw the attention of the Russian and Chinese Governments to the fact that they are signatories to the Kellogg Pact for the renunciation of war.

It is explained that the United States, having, like Britain, no diplomatic relations with Russia, could not approach the Soviet Government directly, but the State Department called the French, British and Japanese Ambassadors into conference, and it was agreed that the move should be made through France.

This explains the message from Paris stating that M. Briand had received successively from the Chinese Minister and the Russian Ambassador, and had reminded them that they had signed the Kellogg Pact. He also counselled them to exercise moderation in order to avoid hostilities.

It transpired this evening that Col. H. L. Stimson, the Secretary of State, saw the Chinese Minister in Washington personally.

While the State Department lacks authoritative information on the underlying causes of the Sino-Russian dispute, Col. H. L. Stimson, on the basis of the newspaper despatches, feels that the crisis should be settled without hostilities.

Senator Borah has issued a statement in which he strongly commends Russia for recognition of the Kellogg Pact in the present controversy in China and says he hopes and believes that the difficulty will be amicably adjusted.

Britain In Concord.

London, July 20.

The Foreign Office states that His Majesty's Government has informed the Governments of the United States of America and France that it entirely associated itself with their efforts by friendly advice to secure relaxation in the tension between China and Russia.

Authoritative circles in London do not regard the situation as being unduly pessimistic. It is pointed out that there are still methods of communication between China and Russia, although it is not clear what if any communication is passing between the Chinese and Russian Governments.

Japan Approves.

Tokyo, July 20.

The report of Mr. Debuchi (Japanese Ambassador to the U.S.A.) with regard to the moves of Col. H. L. Stimson (the U.S. Secretary of State) to avert hostilities between China and Russia have not been received, but Press despatches in this connection have favourably impressed Japanese officialdom.

A spokesman for the Japanese Foreign Office said that it is impossible to state Japan's attitude pending receipt of official notification from Washington and the Japanese Cabinet's consideration of it, but it is believed that Col. Stimson's initiative will be well come to Japan.

The Foreign Office has not divulged the content of the interviews of Baron Shidehara with the Chinese Minister to Japan and the Soviet Ambassador to Japan.

(Continued on next column.)

FRANCE WILL PAY WAR DEBTS.

RATIFIES U.S. AND BRITISH AGREEMENTS.

CHAMBER DEBATE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Paris, July 20.

The War Debts Agreement Debate in the Chamber was advanced another stage when the Government obtained a narrow majority of 23 in the House, 576 delegates being in favour of discussing the resolution moved by M. Deligne, in which it approved that this resolution, while approving the ratification of the Agreements without reservations, implies that French payments shall be dependent on German Reparation payments under the Young plan.

Final ratification in the form approved by the Government now seems assured, although the text of the Deligne motion may be amended in debate.

Adopted!

The Deputies have ratified the London and Washington Agreements.

The Agreement with Britain when discussed, was adopted practically unanimously, and by show of hands. The resolution which authorised the ratification of the Agreement for the funding of the repayment (in 62 annuities), of French debts to the United States was only carried by 300 votes to 292.

The Chamber had earlier adopted, by 282 votes to 274, the first three clauses of a motion by M. Herault declaring that the burdens imposed upon France by the London and Washington Agreements must be covered by the sums Germany has to pay to France.

The Finance Minister left it to the Chamber to select a motion embodying the reservations it preferred, provided it voted for ratification authorisation.

M. Deligne supported M. Hemud's motion, which was then adopted as a whole by show of hands.

There is reason to believe, however, that Baron Shidehara neither committed Japan to neutrality, nor offered advice in any form—since the Japanese policy prior to Col. Stimson's initiative was definitely "hands off."

Washington's Confidence.

New York, July 20.

Absolute confidence is felt in Washington by officials and diplomatic circles that the Kellogg Pact will bear precious fruit by averting war between Russia and China.

Newspapers everywhere hail the United States initiative in world affairs with the utmost satisfaction, and the opinion is expressed that the effect of an official reminder of China's and the Soviet's obligations to keep the peace under the Kellogg Treaty should be decisive with both nations.

Not Received in Moscow.

Moscow, July 21.

In connection with the Washington report that Col. Stimson called the attention of China, the Soviet, Britain, Japan, and France to the possibility of submitting the conflict regarding the Chinese Eastern Railway to arbitration, the official Tass agency learns that no communication has so far been received in Moscow from the American Government.

M. Briand's Report.

Paris, July 21.

M. Briand at the recent interviews with the Soviet Ambassador and the Chinese Minister, hoped that their countries would refer the dispute to arbitration.

Both diplomats reported the interview to their respective Governments.

Washington, July 21.

The French Ambassador, M. Claudel, to-day delivered, at the State Department a message from M. Briand concerning the Sino-Soviet dispute.

"Times" Blames China.

London, July 20.

The *Times*, writing on the tension in the Far East, says the Soviet and Chinese Governments have made it a grievance recently that they had not been treated on a footing of equality by the West. Both expressed pacific intentions and signed the Kellogg Pact, but this had not prevented the Chinese Government from committing what certainly appears to be an overt and provocative breach of a solemn international engagement, in circumstances which leave much doubt as to the purely "defensive" character of its action, any more than it had restrained the Soviet Government from taking the fateful steps which usually have been the prelude to an outbreak of war between nations.

Membership of a community of civilized nations and the acceptance of a treaty like the Kellogg Pact impose obligations. The *Times* adds, the "Soviet Government today is the first crucial test of international status and prestige."

LONDON TO BUENOS AIRES.

NEW PHONE SERVICE.

FORTY SHILLINGS A MINUTE!

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 20.

The telephone service between London and Buenos Aires, a distance of over 7,000 miles, opens on Monday.

At first it will be a limited service between 5.30 p.m. and 9 p.m. The charge will be 12s. for the first three minutes, and 4s. for each minute thereafter. No charge will be made for the present if the call is not completed.

This will be the longest regular British telephone service, although successful experimental talks have been made with Australia, 19,000 miles away. It is already possible to talk to any city in America at any time, and San Francisco is approximately 5,000 miles from London. To speak to New York, 2,800 miles from London costs 18s. for three minutes. To speak to Mexico, 5,000 miles away, the minimum cost is 24s.

HEAVY STORMS IN ENGLAND.

SOUTH COAST TIDAL WAVE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 21.

After the hottest day of the year in the course of which the thermometer touched 89 deg. in the shade, a heavy thunderstorm broke over the South of England to-day. There were several casualties, which included one death from lightning. In many South Coast resorts the storm was accompanied by a tidal wave, and two people were drowned. There is much damage from flooding in the London area.

KING ALFONSO AT AERO SHOW.

A SURPRISE VISIT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 20.

The King of Spain made a surprise visit to the International Aero Exhibition at Olympia last night.

Dispensing with all formalities he paid his admission fee at the turnstile, and had begun a tour of the show in company with his entourage before the exhibition officials were aware of his presence. He spent nearly two hours at the exhibition. King Alfonso will leave London on Monday for Spain.

M. Bleriot, who in 1909 was the first man to fly the English Channel, also visited Olympia yesterday.

DUKE'S VISIT TO JAPAN.

HONOURS ACCORDED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 20.

Sir John Tilley, British Ambassador to Tokyo, has been made Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order; Lord Airie, Rear Admiral Maude and Major-General Sir Hugh Ellis, Knights Commander; and Mr. Hugh Lloyd Thomas, Commander in the same order, on the occasion of the recent mission of the Duke of Gloucester to Japan to invest the Emperor with the Order of the Garter.

COMMUNISTS IN NEW YORK.

DEMONSTRATE AGAINST BOY SCOUTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, July 20.

One hundred youthful Communists, including many girls, demonstrated at the Cusard docks, and jeered at 237 Boy Scouts who were en route for the Great Jamboree at Birkenhead.

The girls scratched and kicked the police, but ultimately their banners were thrown into the river. Three young men were arrested and may be deported.

PRINCE GEORGE UNWELL.

ALL ENGAGEMENTS CANCELLED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 19.

Prince George is indisposed and may have to take a short cure.

Prince George's comptroller, interviewed by Reuter, said the Prince's digestion had been disordered for some time and that a few weeks' dieting had been considered prudent. The Prince had cancelled all his public engagements and temporarily relinquished his duties at the Foreign Office. He would spend as much time as possible in the country.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE COLONIES.

BILL PASSES THIRD READING.

PROTECTION OF NATIVES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 19.

In the House of Commons, the third reading of the Colonial Development Bill was submitted. It included the amendment moved by Sir Oswald Mosley (Lab.) dealing with fair conditions of labour on work the cost of which was being defrayed by the State, the laying down of wages not to be less than the standard rates, prohibiting forced labour and the employment of child labour; also providing that any territory in respect of which an allowance had been made should participate in the increase of values directly attributable to such allowance.

Mr. Ormsby Gore (Con.) hoped the provision regarding increased values would not lead to special head or hut taxes. He pointed out that increased wealth in places like West Africa was only due to increased efforts of the natives themselves. Hence additional taxation would prove a deterrent.

Sir O. Mosley, replying, said the Bill embodied the most stringent safeguards for the natives.

FIGHTING MALARIA.

KEENER CAMPAIGN URGED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 20.

Mr. A. W. Still, of the Rubber Growers' Association (formerly Editor of the "Straits Times"), has been elected chairman of the Industrial and Anti-Malarial Advisory Committee of the Ross Institute.

"Speaking at a meeting of the Advisory Committee, Sir Malcolm Watson said that only one or two countries made use of the Ross discovery. The remedy was to get estate doctors, engineers, etc. to come to the Ross Institute, when at home on furlough, to learn what could be done to control malaria. Three men were already working in the Institute and others had arranged to come, Sir Malcolm added."

Practical Methods.

Sir Malcolm also outlined the practical course he proposed to give in the Institute. It was desirable that men should bring plans of their estates, statistics, etc., he said.

The Executive Committee had arranged a subsidy for certain men doing special malaria control work in the tropics. Sir Malcolm Watson proposed that the Committee would direct its energies chiefly to industrial concerns.

He concluded by saying that Bengal would follow the way of Ceylon, of which Colony two-thirds was now uninhabitable, if something were not done soon to control malaria there.

GERMANY'S POWER TO PAY.

OPTIMISTIC REPORT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Berlin, July 20.

The interim report of the Agent-General for Reparations for the first nine months of the fifth annuity, for the year ending May 31 last, has a most optimistic tone with regard to Germany's present position and her future economic and financial development.

Germany, however, has been again warned to keep down her expenditure and pay from existing revenue. German exports continue to rise while imports generally have not altered. A marked reduction in the latter is not anticipated as Germany depends upon the rest of the world for considerable raw material.

Britain's share of the Reparations payments, and the transfer during the period under review, amounted to about £20,000,000. France's to £24,000,000, Italy £7,000,000, and United States \$2,500,000, out of a total of £100,000,000 which became available.

COTTON DISPUTE DEADLOCK.

GOVERNMENT ANXIOUS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 20.

A complete deadlock has resulted in connection with the joint Cotton Conference at Manchester, the employers having refused the operatives' request that the notices should be withdrawn before the negotiations.

Later.

Sir Horace Wilson (Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Labour) is devoting urgent attention to the deadlock in the Lancashire cotton question with a view to finding a new basis of discussion. Meanwhile, Miss Margaret Bond (Minister of Labour) will be in close touch with the whole position during the week-end.

Telegrams in Brief.

It is reported that Hidayatullah, stepbrother of ex-King Amanullah, and three other sympathisers of Amanullah, have been strangled in Kabul. A section of the Afghans have joined the Wairis, in supporting Nadir Khan.

Governor-General Kawamura of Formosa has tendered his resignation to Mr. Hamaguchi, the Premier.

President Hoover intends to recommend Congress to grant compensation to Florida citrus growers for the damage occasioned by the Federal activities for the extermination of the Mediterranean fruit fly.

Conversations between the Government with miners and coal-owners regarding conditions in the coal industry are being continued. The Prime Minister received representatives of the Miners' Federation and has arranged to meet the coalowners again next Tuesday. Contact will continue during the Parliamentary recess.

Six new inspectors have been assigned to foreign ports—five for Europe and one for Shanghai—to investigate all shipments of narcotics to the United States.

SLAVERY IN THE EMPIRE.

MR. HENDERSON RECEIVES DELEGATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 19.

The Secretary for Foreign Affairs (Mr. Arthur Henderson) today received a deputation from the Anti-Slavery and Aborigines' Protection Society.

They suggested that a temporary Slavery Commission should be revived by a decision of the next assembly and that, when it had been revived, documents in the possession of the British Government concerning slavery in Abyssinia and concerning raid from Abyssinia into British territory and traffic across the Red Sea, etc., should be sent by the British Government to the commission.

In his reply Mr. Henderson assured the deputation of the personal sympathy of himself and the Prime Minister and promised that, in consultation with the departments concerned he would give favourable consideration to the proposal which they had made.



As Delightful as it is Nourishing

OVALTINE COLD

TRY this really delightful drink for summer days—cold.

"Ovaltine." As delicious in this way as when made as a hot beverage. It not merely quenches the thirst, but refreshes and invigorates as well. It supplies, too, the nourishment you particularly need in the summer—for ordinary hot weather foods contain little nourishment—while the need for nourishment remains much the same all the year round.

Cold "Ovaltine" is easy to prepare. Add to cold milk or milk and water. Whisk with an egg-whisk or shake in a cocktail shaker. Then you have a creamy, foaming drink—as delicious as it is refreshing. Brimful, too, of energy-giving nourishment to enable you to avoid fatigue and to keep vigorous and healthy.

ENGLAND'S TEAM
CHANGES.

MEN FOR FOURTH TEST.

A. W. CARR DISPLACES
J. C. WHITE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

England's cricket selectors have chosen the team for the Fourth Test Match against South Africa, over three days at Manchester, beginning on July 27, as follows:—

A. W. Carr (Nottingham), captain.
R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire),
H. Sutcliffe (Yorkshire),
E. H. Bowley (Sussex),
W. R. Hammond (Gloucester),
F. E. Woolley (Kent),
M. Leyland (Yorkshire),
A. P. Freeman (Kent),
G. Duckworth (Lancashire),
G. Geary (Leicestershire),
E. Hendren (Middlesex) 12th man.

J. B. Hobbs (Surrey) was selected but he informed the Committee that he did not feel justified in accepting and asked to be allowed to stand down.

There are no surprises or experiments about the above team. Mr. J. C. White, Somerset's most sporting captain, has stood down from the captaincy and is succeeded by Mr. A. W. Carr. Mr. White has not met with any special success in the games against South Africa and with "Tich" Freeman at the top of his form and very useful slow bowlers in Woolley and Bowley he no doubt felt that the substitution of a sound and vigorous batsman like Mr. Carr would strengthen the side. Mr. Carr is a forward and take risks and he has well earned the honour of captaining England. He has an admirable team, the only weakness being the absence of a fast bowler. Larwood, however, is in need of a rest, and Geary, one of the best bowlers in the country, takes his place. The attack will mainly depend on Tate, Geary and Freeman, with Hammond, Woolley, Leyland and Bowley able to take a turn. It is essentially a mature team but there can be no doubt about the solid achievements of all the players concerned. It looks as if Bowley is going to consolidate his place as England's opening batsman in partnership with Sutcliffe. The somewhat erratic nature of the Sussex batting has long ago taught Bowley the first essential of the Test player, imperturbability when everyone else is flustered!

MYSTERY SPEED BOAT.

SEEKS INTERNATIONAL
TROPHY.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 20.

A secretly built speed boat, driven by three Napier engines each developing over 900 h.p., was launched in the Isle of Wight last night, and was to-day shipped on the White Star liner Arabic in connection with the attempt which its owner, Miss Carstairs, will make in Detroit River next month, to win the International motor boat trophy.

The boat, which is named Estelle IV., is 35ft. long, and was constructed at Miss Carstairs' own expense, and under her own supervision. The boat, in care of a team of mechanics and boatbuilders, will first be taken to Gravenhurst, Ontario, where speed tests will be carried out on Lake Muskoka.

SOUTH CHINA A.A.

The following are the newly elected South China Athletic Association officials for the ensuing year:—

President.—Li Yau Chuen.
Vice-Presidents.—T. N. Chau and O. W. Luke.
Chairman.—Tsui Kin Yung.
Vice-Chairmen.—Ho Yu and Ng Kwong.
Hon. Treasurer.—Li Tze Chung.
General Secretary.—J. S. Shak.
Assistants, Leung Yu Wing and K. F. June.

Educational.—Manager, So Pei Shao; assistants, Lai Dai Po and Chan Tin Yau.
Intelligence.—Manager, Tsui Wai Yut; assistants, Wong Yin Nin and Yu Kui Yin.
Social.—Manager, Sham Hip Tong; assistant, Kwok An Po.
Boy Scout.—Manager, Leung Cho Yee; assistant, Leung Sui Sang.
Boxing.—Manager, Sun Cho Wing; assistants, Wong Shiu Cheung, Li Kam Fuk and Wei Man Wei.

Track and Field.—Manager, Li Wai Choi; assistant, Li Shiu Lun.
Football.—Manager, Wong Ka Tsun; assistants, Tong Shuk Pui, Lau Pak Wai and Ho Yan Kwong.
Baseball.—Manager, Wong Kuei Si; assistants, R. Shim and Kwong Man Kit.

Basketball.—Manager, Li Woon Choi; assistant, Lam Ming Fun.
Billiards.—Manager, Leung Pun Sun; assistant, Tsang Chung Nin.
Tennis.—Manager, Ho Wei Hing; assistants, Chan So and Mok Hing Chiu.

Volleyball.—Manager, Fung Yu Kun; assistants, Lam Shiu Wa and Chan Sik Ping.

Swimming.—Manager, Yuen Chan Fai; assistants, Li Kam Fuk, Leung Tin Sang and Cheung Ming.

Amusements.—Manager, Ko Yau Cheung; assistant, Leung Wing Tak.

Music.—Manager, Pun Ying Tat; assistants, Sun Cho Yee and Fung Wei Ki.
Committee.—Wong Pak Fat, Lau Tat Ting, Au Tat Hing, Luk Cheuk Fung, Pang Tse Ming, Lam Chung Hoo, Li Hon Kam, Li Yui Wing, Shuk Tak On, Yung King Yin, Wong Hin Chiu, Leung King Ting, Tuet Shing Cho, Chan Chun Sang, Hung Yan Chau, Chan Tak Chiu and Tin Yut On.

STEEL AND COULSON
BILLIARDS.

Following are the results of last week's matches in the competition for the Steel and Coulson Billiards Cup:—

Tuesday.

H.K. Police Reserves lost to Somerset 746-757.
Buffalo Club lost to C. and P.O.'s 746-761.

Hong Kong Police beat R.E. Sergeants 874-630.
Craigengower C.C. beat Garrison Sergeants' Mess 900-541.

St. Patrick's Club beat R.A. Sergeants 900-461.

Friday.

Somerset beat H.K. Police Reserves 925-748.
Chief and Petty Officers beat Buffalo Club 824-744.

R.E. Sergeants lost to H.K. Police 647-830.
Garrison Sergeants' Mess beat Craigengower 829-816.

R.A. Sergeants lost to St. Patrick's Club 540-900.

INTER-VARSITY GAMES.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

TRAVERS ISLAND, N.Y., July 20.
In the inter-arsity athletics to-day Princeton and Cornell defeated Oxford and Cambridge by 9 events to 3.

CRAIGENGOWER C.C.
CONCERT.

A PLEASANT EVENING.

Two or three sharp showers seemed likely to spoil the open-air concert of the Craigengower Cricket Club, on Saturday night, but fortunately it was found possible, after some re-arrangement, to hold the entertainment on the Club's spacious verandah.

A good number of members and friends assembled to hear a thoroughly enjoyable programme. Some excellent talent had been got together, and after an overture by Messrs. H. and R. Castro, Mr. L. E. Benedice was encored for his singing of "Roses of Picardy." The humorous efforts of Mr. W. Gill (in monologue), and Mr. Edinburgh were much appreciated, as was Mr. Annis' singing of "For You Alone."

Miss Nellie Field was heard to much advantage in "Indian Love Call" and "Moon River." Mr. H. Castro contributed a violin solo, and Mr. Hyndman had an effective "tigger" song.

Mr. B. Bass made a genial and popular "announcer." After the concert Messrs. R. and H. Castro provided music for dancing.

CANADIAN WINS KING'S
PRIZE.NARROW VICTORY IN
SHOOT-OFF.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BISLEY, July 20.

Lieut. Colonel R. M. Blair, of Canada, to-day won the King's Prize.

The Canadians, Lieut. D. T. Burke and Lieut. Col. Blair tied with 233. Both made a bull's eye with their sighting shots then three consecutive bulls' each in the tie shoot.

Blair won by one point in the shoot-off.

GENERAL PERSHING.

TO BE MINISTER TO JAPAN?

Washington, July 15.—Officials here to-day deprecated published reports that General John J. Pershing is under consideration for the Ambassadorship to Japan. It was stated that at present any reports of this nature are lacking in substantial basis.—United Press.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 19.

Paris	123.64
Geneva	25.22
Berlin	20.35
Oslo	18.20
Helsingfors	193
Athens	375
Buenos Aires	471
Hong Kong	1/11
New York	4.85
Amsterdam	12.08
Stockholm	18.09
Vienna	34.46
Madrid	33.36
Bucharest	813
Bombay	1/5 25/32
Yokohama	1/10 23/32
Brussels	34.90
Milan	62.74
Copenhagen	18.50
Prague	164
Lisbon	105.20
Rio	5
Shanghai	2/4
Silver (spot)	24 13/16
Silver (forward)	24

Money and Markets

HONG KONG MARKET
REPORTS.

Yesterday's quotations for rice and other foodstuffs were as follow:—

Rice.	Per Picul.
Common White, Hung Muk	10.52
Keng	9.34
Common White, Wu Muk	9.34
Common White, Luk San	8.02
Sing	7.66
Common White, Hung Sau	6.47
White Broken, Blue Seal	6.47
White granulated, Blue	5.88
Seal	7.12
Long Unglutinous, Ching	7.12
Sing	7.36
Long Unglutinous, Hung	3.53
Kam Ou	3.12
White Bran, Sheung Pak	3.12
Sin	7.98
White Glutinous, Ching	5.87
Hung Cherk	
White Glutinous, Green	
Seal	
Glutinous Granulated, No. 1	
Miscellaneous.	
Coarse granulated sugar, No. 24	7.43
Coarse granulated sugar, No. 18	6.78
Green Sugar, Manila	3.83
Sugar Candy	3.83
Groundnut Oil, Fongtze	21.60
Wood-tar oil	38.00
Dried Prawn	88.00
Dried Yellow fungus	220.00
Fish maw	69.00

CANTON MARKET REPORTS.

Quotations of foodstuffs at the Canton market during the week-end were as follow:—

Rice.	Per Picul.
Common White, Annam	88.80-10.23
Common White, No. 3	9.05-9.80
Cargo Rice, Reddish	7.70-8.60
Paddy, Kwangtung	6.00-7.00
Common White, Kwangtung	7.50-11.50
White Broken, Foreign	56.78-6.64
White Bran, Foreign	3.35-3.47
Oil.	Per Picul.
Groundnut oil, Fongtze	21.60
Groundnut oil, Tung Wo	21.12
Cheong	21.10
Groundnut oil, Tsingtao	19.50
Camellia-nut oil	29.90
Wood-tar oil	17.40
Bean oil	
Flour.	Per Bag.
Banana Brand	22.92
Five Swallows	2.92
Red Leaf	2.84
Eagle	3.48
Kwan Tao	2.83
Kung Wo	2.73
Fruits.	Per Picul.
Orange, Luntou	53.70
Orange, Sunwui	55.20
Lychee, Hark Yip	10.00
Lung An	5.50
Mandarin Orange, Szewui	21.50
Water Chestnut, Kwella	5.80
White Olive, Lokong	11.90
Plum, Namwah	19.00
Pear, Tientin	25.70
Banana	4.90
Poultry.	Per Picul.
Pullet	87.50-108.50
Cock	77.50-85.20
Hen	57.50-75.80
Duck	57.90-62.50
Goose	51.40-61.80
Fork.	Per Picul.
Canton	58.25
Shiuwan	31.50
Wuchow	28.20

CANTON RAW SILK
MARKET.REPORT WEEK ENDING
JULY 16.

Owing to rumours to the effect that the 4th crop is not progressing as well as expected, sellers have slightly advanced their prices.

However, buyers have withdrawn, and the Canton market has been very quiet.

The present statistical position hardly allows a rise of prices in the near future; of the 1st, and 2nd crop, there remains an unsold balance of about 17,000 bales, which consists partly of silk stored in Canton, and cocoons up country still to be reeled. The 4th crop cocoons will be coming on the market within the next week, and this crop will probably yield 10,000 bales.

Quotations for July 16:—
\$930 for 14/18 N.S. Crack Chops.
\$445 for 20/22 N.S. Ex. Ex. A.

HONG KONG STOCK
EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

July 20, 1929.	
H.K. Bank	\$1.250 nom.
Do.	\$1.250 nom.
Chartered Bank	\$1.191 buy.
Merchants Bank, A. & B.	\$2.24 nom.
Do.	\$2.24 nom.
P. & O. Bank	\$2.24 nom.
East Asia Bank	\$2.24 nom.
Canton Insurance	\$2.24 nom.
Union Insurance	\$2.24 nom.
North China Ins.	\$1.180 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	\$1.180 buy.
China Underwriters	\$4 sel.
China Fire Insurance	\$305 buy.
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$770 buy.
Douglas	\$471 nom.
H.K. Steamboats	\$24 buy, 25 sel.
Indo-China (Pref.)	\$471 buy.
Do. (Ord.)	\$70 nom.
Shall Transport	\$1.180 buy.
Union Waterworks	\$22 sel.
Beigets	\$3.00 buy.
Kailan Mining Admin.	\$6/8 buy.
Langkai (combined)	\$1.15 buy.
Do. (single)	\$1.15 buy.
S'hai Explorations	\$1.24 buy.
Shanghai Loans	\$1.24 buy.
French Mines	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & K. Wharves	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & W. Dock	\$1.180 buy.
China Provident	\$4.30 buy.
Hongkong	\$1.180 nom.
New Engineering	\$1.180 buy.
Shanghai Dock	\$1.180 buy.
S'wai Cottons	\$1.180 buy.
Oriental Cottons	\$1.180 buy.
S'hai Cottons (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$3.50 buy.
H.K. Lands	\$1.180 buy.
Shanghai Lands	\$1.180 buy.
Humphreys Estates	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Realities	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Tramways	\$1.180 buy.
Peak Tram (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
Star Ferry	\$1.180 buy.
China Light	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Electric	\$1.180 buy, 55 sel.
Macao Electric	\$1.180 buy.
Bandana Lights	\$1.180 buy.
Telephones	\$1.180 buy.
China Buses	\$1.180 buy.
Singapore Tramways	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (Pref.)	\$1.180 buy.
China Sugars	\$1.180 buy.
Malaya Sugars	\$1.180 buy.
Canton Ice	\$1.180 buy.
Cement (combined)	\$1.180 buy, 9.10 sel.
Do. (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Ropes	\$1.180 buy.
United Asbestos	\$1.180 buy.
Lung Farms	\$1.180 buy.
Watson	\$1.180 buy.
Der A. Wing	\$1.180 buy.
Nas Crawford	\$1.180 buy.
Mackintosh	\$1.180 buy.
Sincere	\$1.180 buy.
Wm. Powell	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Amusements	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Constructions	\$1.180 buy.
Star India & S. Bond	\$1.180 nom.
H.K. Govt. Loans	\$1.180 nom.
buy—buyers; sel—sellers; sa—sales nom.—nominal	

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS
PROGRAMME.BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON
350 METRES.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.
3.30 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of Chinese music (records supplied by The Pleasant Co.).

7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.
8 p.m.—Evening programme.

(Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.).
"The Rose" (Arr. Myddleton), English Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"He Hadn't Tm Yesterday" and "Aren't Women Wonderful" Comedienne, Sophie Tucker.

"The Look" (Arr. Myddleton), Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"Bacon" (Gilbert & Wayne) and "Dawning" American Duet-tists, Layton & Johnstone.

"The Thistle" (Selection of Scottish Melodies), The Regimental Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"Faust—Soldiers' Chorus" and "Faust—La Kermesse" Orchestra and Chorus of the Theatre National de l'Opera, Paris.

"The Shamrock" Irish Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"On Wings of Song" and "Ave Maria," J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1 in F" (Liszt) and "Rakoczy" (Berlioz) March, Ernest Von Dohnanyi and The Budapest Philharmonic Orchestra.

"Baby's Sweetheart" and "Chanson" (In Love), J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"Moment Musical" (Schubert) and "Mazurka" (Wienlawski), Russian Balalaika Orchestra.

"La Cinquantaine" and "Gavotte" J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"Don Juan" (R. Strauss), Tone Poem, Bruno Walter Conducting The Royal Philharmonic Orchestra.

"Love's Old Sweet Song" and "Pagan" (Fibich), J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"Softly Awakes My Heart" and "I Bacio," The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"Speak" (Nicholls) and "Parfum Du Paeze," J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.

"The Belle of New York," Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.

"WAKE UP,
ENGLAND!"JAPANESE COMPETITION IN
THE TEXTILE TRADE.WHY LANCASHIRE LOSES
BUSINESS.

The ninth ordinary general meeting of Probst, Hanbury and Co., Ltd., was held on June 21 in London. In the absence of Mr. E. A. Probst (the chairman of the company), Mr. Cecil Hanbury, M.P., presided. He said he was pleased to be in a position to confirm the optimistic note struck at the meeting twelve months ago. Nothing sensational has occurred since then, China has undoubtedly moved in the direction of peace and security with the establishment of a Nationalist Government at Nanking, and trade has received a welcome fillip by comparison with the preceding year. "It would seem almost redundant for me to dwell at any length upon the vicissitudes which led up to this important denouement, or the difficulties which must still be expected in trading with a country of the size of China, at this early stage of her rebirth, as the Press of this country has kept us all so fully and reliably informed of current events there. I am glad, however, to be able to reassure you once more as to the cordial relations which exist to-day between the Chinese and ourselves. While our Foreign Office has played a great part in achieving this, we must claim some reward also for the humble merchant, whose destiny is inextricably interwoven with that of our Chinese friends in that great market."

Britain's Lost Loom.
With regard to the future, tremendous loom, he said must be made up before Great Britain can recover her former position in cotton goods in China and the East generally. "Our pre-war position in China alone was about 58 per cent., and this has been brought down to less than 16 per cent. to-day. Japanese owned or controlled mills in China and Chinese owned mills tend to grow in number, and will make up for ground lost to Osaka through the higher cost of living and production now being felt in Japan. To this alternative success may be added the use of Indian-grown cotton, which costs less than American. That Japan now provides China with nearly 70 per cent. of her requirements against 18.8 per cent. before the war bears eloquent testimony to her methods, and emphasises the serious reversal of the position previously occupied by Great Britain and Japan in China."

Improved Marketing Methods.
It is satisfactory to know that great efforts are now being made in Lancashire to improve her marketing arrangements, and I trust that the amalgamation of mills now taking place to produce in bulk at lower overhead costs will ultimately provide the solution of selling our goods more cheaply in China. I think it is timely, while on this subject, to appeal to the great finishing concerns in Lancashire to grant all the assistance possible in order to stem the further advance of our Japanese competitors, who miss no opportunity of entreaching themselves more strongly each year in the Chinese, Indian and other Near and Far Eastern markets. "I would like to suggest, for instance, that instead of granting concessions in respect of restricted finishes only and confined to certain grades of cloth, that finishing prices be reduced all round and for all markets, as by this method will it be possible for all the known standards now selling in our overseas markets to be disposed of in increasing quantities without further delay. It is often a question of two to five per cent. that prevents the acceptance of an offer to-day, and such a reduction in finishing costs would go a long way towards keeping the Japanese cloth from filling an order lost to Lancashire. To allow such concessions throughout the list may seem big steps, but courage is demanded in the cotton trade to-day, if Japanese penetration in China, India and all other Near and Far Eastern markets is to be checked.

Merchants "Pulling Their Weight."
"Compensation would accrue to the finishing houses of Lancashire for their lower scale of charges by the larger volume of orders, and though more work would undoubtedly be entailed, this would be all to the good, as the whole matter should be viewed imperially if Lancashire's cotton trade is to survive even its present deplorable position. I feel I cannot too strongly stress my plea for more help from the finishing end of the trade, for the efforts from these sources have hardly been serious to date. Merchants are 'pulling their weight' to the common end, as

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to
H.M. King George V.



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Champagne
is now obtainable
in Hong Kong
in three sizes.

QUARTS ... \$7.00 per bottle
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His Majesty King George V.

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Scotch Whisky at a reasonable price
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Ballantine's Liqueur Whisky. It is
excellent.

The French Store
Beaconsfield Arcade.

smaller and persistently falling
margins due to keener competition
overseas will show, and a lowering
in the direction of producing and
finishing costs must be forthcoming
to assist the merchant to keep his
grip on the overseas orders, which
are now too frequently lost. I am
advised that a reduction of wages
cost

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

ARRIVALS.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.

AMOI.

Takliwa, B.I., July 23.
Haiyang, Douglas, July 23.
Namsang, Jardine's, July 24.
Liangchow, B.S., July 25.
Haiching, Douglas, July 25.
Tijbadak, J.C.J.L., July 26.
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., July 26.
Antung, B. & S., July 26.
Haining, Douglas, July 26.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Aug. 1.
Talsma, B.I., Aug. 2.
Tjibadok, J.C.J.L., Aug. 4.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 13.
Takada, B.I., Aug. 16.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 23.

ANTWERP.

Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Aki Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Arakura, B. & S., Aug. 2.
Changte, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.

BAITIC PORTS.

Derfingler, Melchers, July 27.
Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.

BALTIMORE.

Adrastus, B.F., Aug. 4.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 4.
City of Bedford, Bank, Aug. 9.

BANGKOK.

Hirundo, Thoresen's, July 23.
Kiangsu, B. & S., July 23.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 31.
Kaying, B. & S., Aug. 4.

BELOWAN DELL.

Derfingler, Melchers, July 27.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Aug. 1.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 4.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.

BOMBAY.

Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.

BOSTON.

Atago Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Chinese Prince, Furness, July 30.
Adrastus, B.F., Aug. 4.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 4.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 4.
City of Bedford, Bank, Aug. 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.

BREMER.

Derfingler, Melchers, July 27.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.

BRINDISI.

Timavo, Dodwell's, July 23.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, Aug. 3.

CALCUTTA.

Tilawa, B.I., July 24.
Sirdhana, B.I., July 24.
Kutang, Jardine's, July 31.
Talsma, B.I., Aug. 3.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 8.
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 11.

CEBU.

Golden Mountain, S.S.S., July 23.
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 2.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.

CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 8.

COLOMBO.

Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Derfingler, Melchers, July 27.
Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Porthos, M.M., July 30.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.

COPENHAGEN.

Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.

DALNY.

Antenor, B.F., July 23.
Liangchow, B. & S., July 23.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.

DUTCH PORTS.

Idomenus, B.F., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.

FOOCHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Haiyang, Douglas, July 23.
Liangchow, B.S., July 25.
Haiching, Douglas, July 25.
Haining, Douglas, July 30.

GENOA.

Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.

GLASGOW.

Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Tenn, B. & S., July 23.
Tokin, M.M., July 30.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 31.

HAMBURG.

Idomenus, B.F., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.

HAVRE.

Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.

HONOLULU.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., July 30.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.

LOILO.

Golden Mountain, S.S.S., July 23.
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 2.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.

JAPAN PORTS.

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 22.
Takliwa, B.I., July 22.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 23.
Kwanchi Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Namsang, Jardine's, July 24.
Leverkusen, Jebson, July 24.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., July 26.
Murosan Maru, N.Y.K., July 26.
Agra, Gilman's, July 27.
Mishima Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Athos II, M.M., July 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., July 30.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., July 31.
Ixion, B.F., Aug. 1.
Yuenang, Jardine's, Aug. 1.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 2.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 2.
Talsma, B.I., Aug. 2.
Sheafmount, P. & O., Aug. 4.
Tanda, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Piave, Dodwell's, Aug. 6.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Nowshera, P. & O., Aug. 8.
Dakoma, B.I., Aug. 9.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Eurylochus, B.F., Aug. 12.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Remo, Dodwell's, Aug. 13.
Burgoland, Jebson, Aug. 16.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Mora, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 18.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.

JAVA PORTS.

Tjibadok, J.C.J.L., July 27.
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., July 27.
Tjibadok, J.C.J.L., Aug. 7.

LIVERPOOL.

Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.

LONDON.

Idomenus, B.F., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.

LOS ANGELES.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., July 30.
Golden Tide, States S.S., July 30.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.

MANILA.

Emp. of France, C.P.S., July 23.
Golden Mountain, S.S.S., July 23.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, July 23.
Tjibadok, J.C.J.L., July 30.
Chinese Prince, Furness, Aug. 1.
Arakura, B. & S., Aug. 2.
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 2.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 3.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 13.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Changte, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.

MARSEILLES.

Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Porthos, M.M., July 30.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.

NAPLES.

Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.

NEWCHANG.

Liangchow, B. & S., July 23.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Atago Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Chinese Prince, Furness, July 30.
Adrastus, B.F., Aug. 4.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 4.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 4.
City of Bedford, Bank, Aug. 9.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.

NORTH CHINA.

Antenor, B.F., July 23.
Leverkusen, Jebson, July 23.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Burgoland, Jebson, Aug. 16.

ORAN.

Isar, Melchers, Aug. 14.

OSLO.

Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.

PANAMA.

Atago Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Defiance, S.S.S., July 23.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 4.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.

PENANG.

Tilawa, B.I., July 24.
Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Sirdhana, B.I., July 23.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Kutang, Jardine's, July 31.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Aug. 1.
Talsma, B.I., Aug. 3.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.

PORTLAND.

Michigan, S.S.S., Aug. 3.
New York, S.S.S., Aug. 14.

RAEVAL.

Bremerhaven, Melchers, July 23.

RANGOON.

Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July Aug. 8.

SAIGON.

Porthos, M.M., July 30.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Aug. 13.

SANDAKAN.

Hissang, Jardine's, July 22.
Arakura, B. & S., Aug. 2.
Mausang, Jardine's, Aug. 6.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.
Kuma Maru, N.Y.K., July 26.
Golden Tide, States S.S., July 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., July 30.
Michigan, S.S.S., Aug. 3.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
New York, S.S.S., Aug. 14.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Danmark, Manners, Aug. 1.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.

SEATTLE.

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Mishima Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Ixion, B.F., Aug. 1.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.

SHANGHAI.

Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., July 22.
Takliwa, B.I., July 22.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 23.
Kwanchi Maru, N.Y.K., July 23.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, July 24.
Shantung, B. & S., July 24.
Antenor, B.F., July 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.

SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Athos II, M.M., July 30.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., July 30.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., July 31.
Foshing, Jardine's, July 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
Ixion, B.F., Aug. 1.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 2.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 2.
City of Peking, Bank, Aug. 3.
Gurna, B.I., Aug. 4.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Sheafmount, P. & O., Aug. 4.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Piave, Dodwell's, Aug. 6.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Tjibadok, J.C.J.L., Aug. 9.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Remo, Dodwell's, Aug. 13.
Burgoland, Jebson, Aug. 16.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Mora, P. & O., Aug. 16.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 18.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.

SINGAPORE.

Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Tilawa, B.I., July 24.
Derfingler, Melchers, July 27.
Nagato Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Rheinland, Jebson, July 27.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., July 27.
Antung, B. & S., July 23.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, July 23.
Sirdhana, B.I., July 23.
Lippe, Melchers, July 30.
Porthos, M.M., July 30.
Kutang, Jardine's, July 31.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 31.
Cremor, J.C.J.L., Aug. 1.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Talsma, B.I., Aug. 3.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 3.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July Aug. 8.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 8.
Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, Jebson, Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 11.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Tinhov, Bank, Aug. 12.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Bingo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.

SWATOW.

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Haiyang, Douglas, July 23.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, July 24.
Shantung, B. & S., July 24.
Haiching, Douglas, July 25.
Antung, B. & S., July 25.
Hirundo, Thoresen's, July 28.
Kiangsu, B. & S., July 28.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, July 28.
Suisang, B. & S., July 28.
Haiching, Douglas, July 30.
Foshing, Jardine's, July 31.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.

TIENTSIN.

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Chip Shing, Jardine's, July 23.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Timavo, Dodwell's, July 23.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, Aug. 3.

TSINGTAO.

Kwaisang, Jardine's, July 24.
Shantung, B. & S., July 24.
Antenor, B.F., July 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Kwaisang, Jardine's, July 28.
Suisang, B. & S., July 28.
Foshing, Jardine's, July 31.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, July 31.
City of Peking, Bank, Aug. 3.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Ermland, Jebson, Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of France, C.P.S., July 31.
Ixion, B.F., Aug. 1.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Mishima Maru, N.Y.K., July 29.
Emp. of France, C.P.S., July 31.
Ixion, B.F., Aug. 1.
Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.

VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenahane, Jardine's, July 23.
Agra, Gilman's, July 29.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 2.
Glenahane, Jardine's, Aug. 16.

WEIHAIWEI.

Huichow, B. & S., July 22.
Antenor, B.F., July 23.
Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

Achilles due from Shanghai Aug. 20.
Adrastus left for Shanghai July 23.
Agapenor due from Singapore July 22.
Agra due from Europe July 23.
Aki Maru due from Japan July 23.
Akita Maru left for Japan July 19.
Alipore due from Shanghai July 20.
Alster due from Europe Aug. 10.
Antenor due from Europe July 23.
Arakura due from Japan Aug. 2.
Asphalton due from Europe Sept. 12.
Atago Maru arrived from Singapore July 20.
Athos II, due from Saigon July 30.
Benvenue arrived from Europe July 21.
Bingo Maru due from Japan Aug. 5.
Bokuyo Maru due from Japan July 30.
Bremerhaven arrived from Rabaul July 18.
Burgoland due from Europe Aug. 16.
Calcutta Maru due from Singapore Aug. 7.
Canton left for Europe July 9.
Changte due from Australia Aug. 13.
Chenonceaux due from Shanghai Aug. 13.
Chinese Prince due from New York Aug. 1.
City of Bedford due from Shanghai Aug. 9.
City of Khartoum due from Europe Aug. 30.
City of Kobe due from Europe Aug. 21.
City of Peking due from Europe Aug. 2.
Cremor due from Straits July 23.
D'Artagnan due from Europe Aug. 13.
Danmark due from Shanghai July 25.
Delagoa Maru due from Japan Aug. 11.
Delta arrived London July 15.
Durban Maru arrived from Japan July 20.
Emp. of Asia due Vancouver July 27.
Emp. of France due from Shanghai July 22.
Empress of Russia arrived Vancouver July 13.
Ermland due from Europe Aug. 6.
Eurylochus due from Europe Aug. 14.
Fushimi Maru due from Shanghai Aug. 9.
Glenahane due from Europe July 23.
Glenahane due from Shanghai July 23.
Gurna due from Singapore Aug. 4.
Hakusan Maru due from Shanghai Aug. 23.
Hakusan Maru arrived from Straits July 21.
Hanyang due from Shanghai July 22.
Hector due from Manila Aug. 22.
Himalaya left for Shanghai July 8.
Idomenus due from Japan July 22.
Igo Maru arrived from Manila July 19.
Kanchow arrived from Amoy July 19.
Kashima Maru due from Singapore July 23.
Kashmir due from Europe Aug. 1.
Kawachi Maru due from Singapore July 24.
Khyber due from Shanghai Aug. 6.
Kidderpore due from Shanghai Aug. 15.
Kuma Maru due from Singapore July 23.
Laomedon due from Singapore Aug. 20.
Leverkusen due from Europe July 23.
Lyons Maru arrived from Singapore July 17.
Malaya left for Singapore June 23.
Malwa due from Shanghai Aug. 17.
Mausang due from Sandakan Aug. 1.
Menelaus due from Europe Aug. 15.
Mentor due from Europe Sept. 3.
Meriones due from Europe July 31.
Mito Maru left for Shanghai July 8.
Morea due from Europe Aug. 18.
Murosan Maru due from Singapore July 23.
Myrthbank arrived from New York July 19.
Nagato Maru left for Japan July 27.
Nagara left for Shanghai June 27.
Namsang due from Singapore July 23.
Noriken arrived from Sandakan July 18.
Nowsh

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, FOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 22nd July	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 24th July	2 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIKONG	"TEAN"	On 25th July	11 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"LIANGCHOW"	On 25th July	5 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 28th July	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUICHOW"	On 28th July	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KIANGSU"	On 28th July	Noon
SHANGHAI	"YINGCHOW"	On 29th July	4 p.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KWEIYANG"	On 31st July	10 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 4th Aug.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KATING"	On 4th Aug.	Noon
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 6th Aug.	11 a.m.

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CHANGTIE ...	13th August	20th August
TAIPING ...	10th September	17th September
CHANGTIE ...	11th October	18th October

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M.V. "MALAYAN PRINCE" ... Aug. 29th
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PORTHOS ... 30th July	ATHOS II ... 30th July
CHENONCEAUX ... 13th Aug.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 13th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPHINX ... 27th Aug.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.	ANGERS ... 10th Sept.
SPHINX ... 24th Sept.	G. METZINGER ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.	PORTHOS ... 22nd Oct.
ANDRE LEBON ... 5th Nov.	CHENONCEAUX ... 5th Nov.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	HONG KONG	JULY 20, 1929.										JULY 21, 1929.									
		Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind
Wladivostok	12	29.72	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE
Nemuro	11	29.72	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE
Hokodate	...	29.78	76.5	...	E	1	...	...	...	29.76	76.5	...	E	1	...	...	...	29.76	76.5	...	E
Tokio	...	29.84	75.0	...	E	1	...	...	...	29.82	75.0	...	E	1	...	...	...	29.82	75.0	...	E
Kochi	...	29.94	76.0	...	W	1	...	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	W	1	...	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	W
Nagasaki	...	29.90	75.5	...	W	1	...	...	...	29.88	75.5	...	W	1	...	...	...	29.88	75.5	...	W
Kagoshima	...	29.90	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	29.88	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	29.88	75.5	...	SE
Oshima	...	29.80	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	29.78	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	29.78	75.5	...	SE
Naha	...	29.78	75.5	...	SSW	2	...	...	...	29.76	75.5	...	SSW	2	...	...	...	29.76	75.5	...	SSW
Ishigaki	...	29.70	75.5	...	ESE	1	...	...	...	29.68	75.5	...	ESE	1	...	...	...	29.68	75.5	...	ESE
Bonin Island	...	29.70	75.5	...	S	1	...	...	...	29.68	75.5	...	S	1	...	...	...	29.68	75.5	...	S
Chefoo	15	29.76	75.5	94	64	S	1	b	6	29.74	75.5	80	92	SSW	1	o	...	29.74	75.5	80	92
Shanghai	14	29.80	75.5	93	67	ESE	2	b	6	29.78	75.5	80	95	S	2	of	...	29.78	75.5	80	95
Gutai	...	29.87	75.5	82	92	SE	4	o	6	29.85	75.5	80	95	S	4	o	...	29.85	75.5	80	95
Sharp Peak	...	29.69	75.5	84	87	S	2	o	7	29.67	75.5	80	95	S	2	o	...	29.67	75.5	80	95
Amoy	...	29.55	75.5	84	87	SE	4	o	6	29.53	75.5	80	95	E	4	o	...	29.53	75.5	80	95
Swatow	...	29.61	75.5	84	84	SE	4	o	6	29.59	75.5	80	95	E	4	o	...	29.59	75.5	80	95
Taiheku	11	29.71	75.5	90	66	ENE	2	b	5	29.69	75.5	80	95	SSW	2	o	...	29.69	75.5	80	95
Taihu	...	29.75	75.5	86	...	NNW	2	o	...	29.73	75.5	80	95	S	2	o	...	29.73	75.5	80	95
Tainan	...	29.74	75.5	84	...	SSE	4	r	...	29.72	75.5	80	95	SW	4	r	...	29.72	75.5	80	95
Koshu	...	29.76	75.5	77	...	SSE	4	r	...	29.74	75.5	80	95	SW	4	r	...	29.74	75.5	80	95
Pescadore	...	29.72	75.5	81	...	SSW	4	r	...	29.70	75.5	80	95	SW	4	r	...	29.70	75.5	80	95
Hong Kong	14	29.55	75.5	86	75	SW	2	o	6	29.53	75.5	80	95	NW	1	or	...	29.53	75.5	80	95
Gap Rock	...	29.56	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.54	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.54	75.5	...	...
Macao	...	29.52	74.9	93	77	SSW	2	o	...	29.50	74.9	88	95	S	2	o	...	29.50	74.9	88	95
Hoihow	...	29.51	74.9	89	74	SW	1	o	...	29.49	74.9	82	...	SSW	2	o	...	29.49	74.9	82	...
Pratas Island	...	29.63	75.2	85	79	SW	5	c	...	29.61	75.2	80	...	S	5	c	...	29.61	75.2	80	...
Phu Lien	15	29.46	74.8	93	67	WSW	2	o	7	29.44	74.8	88	...	SSW	2	o	...	29.44	74.8	88	...
Tourane	...	29.58	75.1	90	...	NNE	2	o	...	29.56	75.1	82	...	S	2	o	...	29.56	75.1	82	...
Cape St. James	...	29.78	75.5	81	...	SW	6	o	...	29.76	75.5	80	...	SW	6	o	...	29.76	75.5	80	...
Basco	14	29.74	75.5	84	87	SE	4	o	6	29.72	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...
Aparri	...	29.78	75.5	90	86	N	2	o	...	29.76	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	75.5	80	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.72	75.5	93	64	...	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	80	...
Vigan	...	29.73	75.5	86	75	SSW	4	o	...	29.71	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.71	75.5	80	...
Manila	...	29.76	75.5	86	71	SW	4	o	...	29.74	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.74	75.5	80	...
Legaspi	...	29.75	75.5	90	72	SW	2	o	...	29.73	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.73	75.5	80	...
Calbayog	...	29.80	75.5	86	71	SW	4	o	...	29.78	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	75.5	80	...
Tacloban	...	29.80	75.5	82	77	SSW	4	o	...	29.78	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	75.5	80	...
Iloilo	...	29.78	75.5	86	61	SW	4	o	...	29.76	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	75.5	80	...
Cebu	...	29.79	75.5	86	75	SW	2	o	...	29.77	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	75.5	80	...
Surigao	...	29.79	75.5	86	71	SW	2	o	...	29.77	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	75.5	80	...
Saipan	...	29.79	75.5	86	71	SW	2	o	...	29.77	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	75.5	80	...
Guam	12.22	29.73	75.5	...	SE	2	o	4.22	...	29.71	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.71	75.5	80	...
Yap	11.00	29.74	75.5	...	WNW	2	r	5	...	29.72	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...
Pelew	...	29.74	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...
Ponape	...	29.74	75.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...	...	...	...	...	29.72	75.5	80	...
Labuan	14	29.82	75.7	88	84	SW	2	b	6	29.80	75.7	88	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	75.7	88	...

July 21d. 10A. 56m.—Returns are lacking from Formosa and most stations north of Fochow. Pressure is probably highest near the Bonins, and relatively low over Tongking. A depression or typhoon is indicated to the northward of Yap. Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.78 inch. Total since January 1, 25.42 inches, against an average of 47.05 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JULY 22.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamooes
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

S. winds, moderate; cloudy, occasional rain.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, July 21.

Previous On Date On Date	Day	at 4 p.m.	at 10 a.m.	at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.53	29.63	29.59	
Temperature	85	85	82	
Humidity	77	76	86	
Wind	S	S	Calm	
Direction	S	S	Calm	
Force	0	0	0	
Rain	0.00	0.00	1.03	

Highest open-air Temperature, 20.87
Lowest open-air Temperature, 21.78
B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

\$7.50

will keep you in touch with Hong Kong news for six months

AFTER YOU GO AWAY

and you will certainly want to know what is happening. Send an order for the Weekly Press to be sent to you. We, at 11, Ice House Street, will do the rest.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From July 21 to 25, 1929.

High Water. Low Water.

Day of Week	Date	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Mon.	23	11 39	7 3	2 40	3 3

